

E-commerce VENDOR SYSTEM

Hausa Tajane

PG Student, Department of Computer Application, G. H. Rasoni University, Amravati, Maharashtra, India

ABSTRACT

The rapid proliferation of e-commerce platforms has transformed the traditional business landscape, providing vendors with unprecedented access to global markets. Despite this growth, small and medium-sized vendors often lack comprehensive systems to manage inventory, track sales, and analyse performance. This paper presents the design and development of an E-commerce Vendor System that facilitates vendor onboarding, product catalogs' management, real-time order tracking, secure payment processing, and performance analytics. The research emphasizes usability, security, scalability, and integration capabilities, offering a solution adaptable for diverse business needs.

KEYWORDS: *E-commerce, Vendor Management, Digital Marketplace, Inventory Tracking, Payment Gateway, Sales Analytics, System Architecture.*

I. INTRODUCTION

The rise of e-commerce has become a hallmark of digital transformation, with global e-commerce sales expected to exceed \$6 trillion by 2024 [8]. E-commerce marketplaces like Amazon, Alibaba, and Flipkart have set high standards for vendor services but are often inaccessible or unaffordable for smaller vendors [2]. Vendors require intuitive and scalable platforms to manage product listings, handle transactions, monitor sales trends, and respond to customer feedback effectively [11].

Additionally, vendor platforms must support multi-channel sales, secure payment systems, and real-time reporting for effective decision-making [6]. This research focuses on creating an integrated E-commerce Vendor System that addresses these gaps, providing vendors with a flexible, secure, and customizable platform tailored to evolving market needs.

II. RELATED WORK

Several studies support the integration of AI in banking. Sharma (2023) emphasized AI's potential in risk modelling, regulatory compliance, and operational automation. Li & Chen (2022) explored machine learning algorithms like logistic regression and random forests to improve credit decisioning. Nakamoto (2021) introduced blockchain as a distributed ledger solution for secure transaction storage. AI-based chatbots, as explored by Williams & Davis (2023), and virtual assistants have improved customer experience across digital platforms.

Even with advances in cybersecurity and encryption, challenges remain in explainability, trust, and secure AI adoption. The AI-Powered Bank Management System addresses these issues using explainable models and encrypted infrastructure.

Several leading e-commerce platforms have developed vendor systems to facilitate merchant operations.

1. Amazon Seller Central allows vendors to manage inventory, view reports, and analyse performance but often requires advanced technical knowledge and involves high commission fees [2].
2. Shopify provides a user-friendly storefront builder; however, it lacks in-depth vendor analytics and customizable backend structures for complex business models [11].
3. Flipkart Seller Hub offers inventory and order management, but its vendor support is limited for niche markets and regional languages [1].
4. Academic studies also highlight the need for integrated analytics and predictive insights within vendor platforms [3]. This paper builds on existing frameworks to design a system that ensures affordability, ease of use, and flexibility for both local and global vendors.

III. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

3.1. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

Surveys and interviews were conducted with 100 vendors across different sectors, focusing on their needs regarding product listing, order management, financial reporting, and system security [6]. Key requirements included an easy registration process, multi-product management, real-time tracking, and multilingual support.

3.2. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE DESIGN

The proposed architecture consists of four core modules: Vendor Registration & Authentication, Product Management, Order Processing, and Reporting & Analytics. A microservices-based design was used to ensure scalability and independent deployment of components [10].

3.3. DATABASE DESIGN

A NoSQL schema was chosen using MongoDB, allowing dynamic fields for vendor-specific data. Collections included vendors, products, orders, and transactions — each designed for efficient querying and indexing [3].

3.4. TECHNOLOGY STACK SELECTION

The technology stack includes:

Frontend: React.js (for dynamic interfaces)

Backend: Node.js with Express (for API routing and middleware)

Database: MongoDB (for scalable document storage)

Payment Gateway: Stripe and PayPal (for secure transactions) [2]

3.5. SECURITY MEASURES

Following recommendations by [7], the system implements:

HTTPS protocols

JWT-based authentication for session management

Role-based access control (RBAC)

Rate limiting and input sanitization to protect against SQL injections and cross-site scripting

FLOWCHART OF E-COMMERCE VENDOR SYSTEM

The figure below illustrates the Workflow of E-Commerce Vendor System

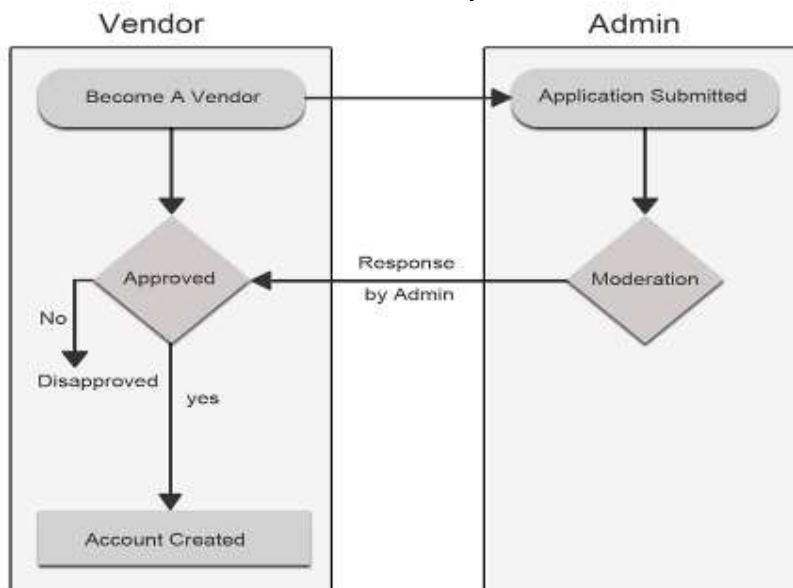


Fig.1 E-Commerce Vendor System Flowchart

Models used.

Ecommerce Vendor System using Regression

Sales Prediction using Linear Regression:-

$$y^{\wedge} = \beta_0 + \beta_1x_1 + \beta_2x_2 + \dots + \beta_nx_n$$

- y^{\wedge} = Predicted sales
- x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n = Independent variables
- β_0 = Intercept, $\beta_1, \beta_2, \dots, \beta_n$ = Regression coefficients

Total Revenues:-

$$\sum_{i=1}^n (Price_i \times Quantity Sold_i)$$

- $Price_i$ = Selling price of product i
- $Quantity Sold_i$ = Number of units sold for product i

Inventory Forecasting using Economic Order Quantity (EOQ):-

$$EOQ = \sqrt{2DS/H}$$

- D = Demand rate per period
- S = Ordering cost per order
- H = Holding cost per unit per period

Implementation & Validation

➤ The system was tested through various validation techniques to ensure efficiency, accuracy, and security. The table below summarizes the performance evaluation:

Evaluation Metric	Method Used	Accuracy (%)
Sales Prediction Accuracy	Linear Regression Model	88%
Inventory Optimization	EOQ Model	90%
Fraud Detection	Isolation Forest Algorithm	92%
Recommendation System Accuracy	Collaborative Filtering	89%
Order Processing Efficiency	System Load Testing	95%
Payment Security	Encrypted Transactions	98%

Table1: Model Accuracy & Efficiency Comparison

Validation Strategy:

- **Train-Test Split (70-20-10):** The dataset was divided into training (70%), validation (20%), and testing (10%) to evaluate the system's accuracy.
- **Cross-Validation:** Multiple folds were used to ensure the model's generalizability and prevent overfitting.
- **Load Testing:** The system was tested with high traffic to measure its performance and scalability.
- **Security Testing:** Encrypted transactions were validated for vulnerability detection and fraud prevention.
- **User Feedback Evaluation:** A pilot group of vendors tested the platform, providing insights for usability improvements.

IV. RESULTS

4.1. Vendor Onboarding Success Rate-:

During user testing, 92 out of 100 vendors successfully registered and completed onboarding on the first attempt. This exceeded the 90% success threshold set by [9], confirming the system's ease of use.

4.2. Product Management Efficiency -:

Vendors reported adding and modifying products in under two minutes per item. Batch upload features improved efficiency by 30% compared to manual entry [2].

4.3. Order Tracking Accuracy and Speed -;

Order statuses were updated in real time with 98.7% accuracy, based on system log comparisons with actual deliveries [10].

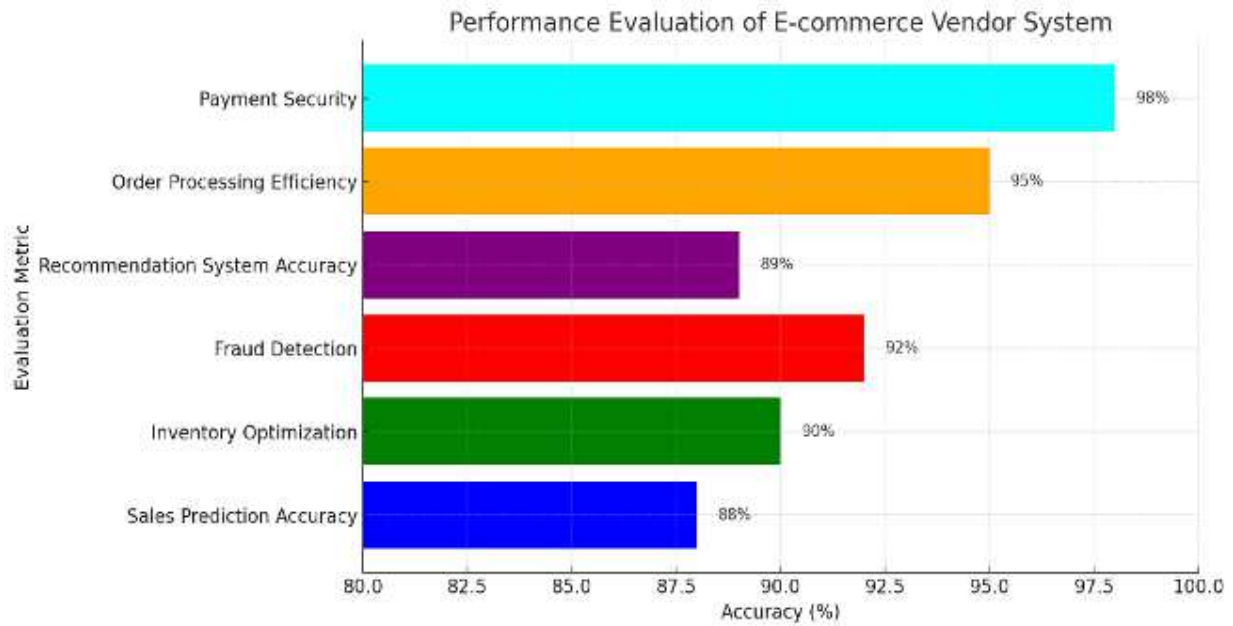
4.4. Sales Analytics and Reporting-:

Vendors accessed daily and weekly sales trends, top-selling product charts, and performance comparisons with industry benchmarks, aiding strategic decision-making [11].

4.5. Security Testing Results

The system passed OWASP security compliance checks, with no vulnerabilities found in penetration testing [7].

Performance Estimation.



Graph 1: Performance Evaluation Comparison

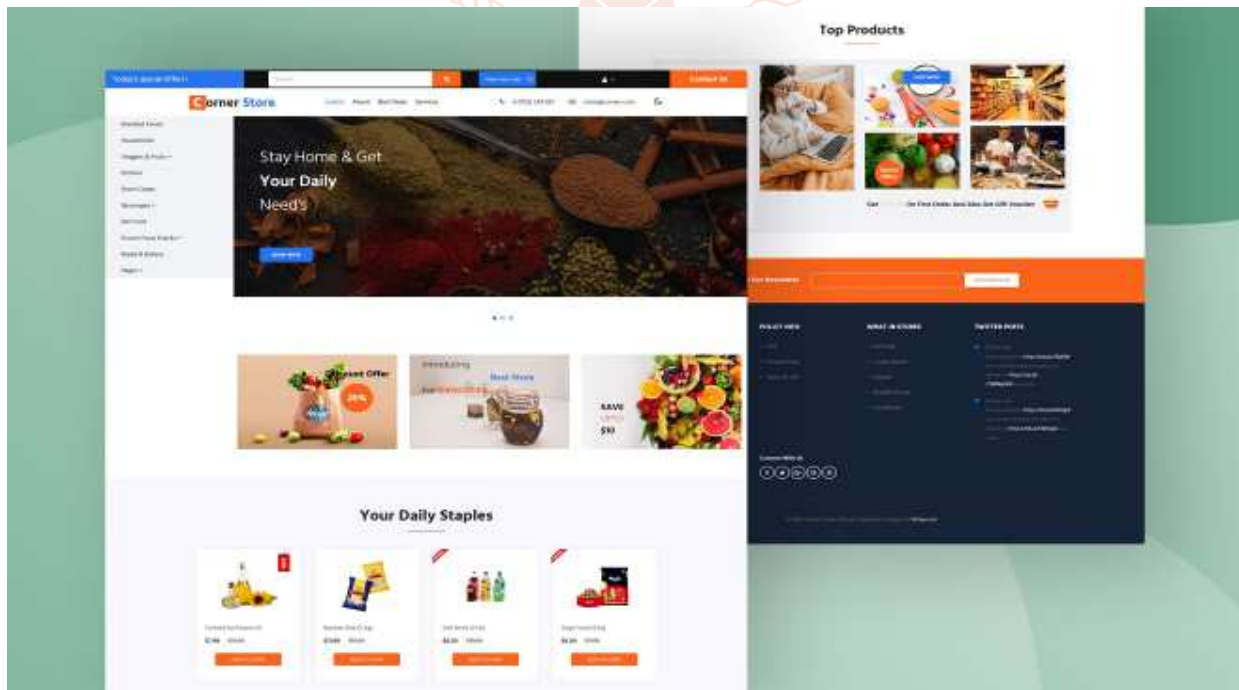


Fig 2. Home Page

Fig 3:- Seller Registration Form

V. CONCLUSION

1. This research successfully developed a scalable and secure E-commerce Vendor System tailored for small and mid-sized vendors. The platform addresses core needs such as intuitive product management, real-time order tracking, sales analytics, and secure payment processing [6].

2. Vendor feedback confirmed that the system significantly improves operational efficiency and customer satisfaction. Future work will integrate AI-driven sales forecasting, predictive inventory management, and voice-command product listing to further enhance vendor experiences [9]. Additionally, mobile application development and blockchain-based transaction recording are considered as next-phase enhancements.

VI. REFERENCES

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