# **Review Article on Chaturvidha Svedana and it's Clinical Application**

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### ABSTRACT

Swedana (sudation/ medicated Vapour) is an independent Upakrama (therapy) as included under the Shadavidha Upkramas as well as Purva Karma measures (prepurificatory proce- dure). Susruta and Vagbhata mentioned the four types of Swedana (sudation) viz Tapa Sveda, Ushma Sveda, Drava Sveda, Upanaha Sveda. Dalhana has included 13 types of Saagni Svedas of Charaka in these 4 types of Svedas i.e. Tapa sveda as Jentaka, Karshu, Kuti, Kupa, Holaka. Ushma Sveda as Sankara, Prastara, Ashmaghana, Nadi, Kumbhi, Bhu. Drava Sveda as Parisheka and Avagahana. The Perspiration produced by Svedana is more than the normal. Svedana drugs posses the Ushna and Tikshna guna by this which are penetreate in to microcirculatory channels (srotas) and activates the sweat glands produces more heat. Acharyas describes effects of Swedana (sudation) as Gauravghana, Sheetaghana, Agnideepti, Twaka mardavata, Twak Prasadan and Sandhichestakar.

*Svedana* is applied for Purification of the body as well as in the management of various disorders originated due to vitiation of *vata kapha dosha, meda dhatu* and various musculo skeletal disoreders. *Svedana karma* maintains the thermoregulatory system in the body by maintaining the equilibrium between core temp (temp inside the body) shell temperature (temperature outside the body)

KEYWORDS: Svedana, Chaturvida Svedana

### 1. INTRODUCTION

The word Sveda is derived from the root 'Swid' with 'Ghan' pratyaya with addition of Bhava vachaka Nich and Ach. Sveda word refers to Bodily Sweat or perspiration through the body. That which causes Perspiration, reduces Stambata( stiffness). Gouravata( heaviness) and Sheetata ( cold) in the body is called Svedana.<sup>1</sup> Svedana is usually done after Snehana, it play a role as Purva Karma, Pradhana Karma as well as Paschata Karma. Svedana as Purva Karma in Shodhana Procedure, Svedana as Paschat Karma in hruta shalya( after removal of foreign body), anupadrava mudha garbha, samyak prajata kala, Svedana as both Purva Karma as well as Paschat Karma in bhagandara, arsha, ashmari.<sup>2</sup> Swedana has relaxing and detoxifying effects on the human body. Sweda is classified into different varieties according to the

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different Acharyas. Whereas Acharya Sushruta and Vagbhata classified Swedana into 4 types viz Tapa sweda (Direct heat), Ushmasweda (Steam), Upanah Asweda (poultice), Dravasweda (warm liquid).<sup>3</sup>

Ayurveda is a holistic system of medicine; it treats the individual as a whole but not independent system wise. Among the *Tridoshas* (Body humours), *Vata* has given prime importance both in physiological and pathological conditions. The remaining two are being inert, their mobilisation depends on *Vata<sup>4</sup>*. *Vayu* is also chiefdriving force of all the normal movements in the body. When *Vayu* gets vitiated, all these movements get hampered. In *Ayurvedic* classics, our Great Sages have given so many special therapeutic procedures for specific disease along with thousands of medication. Panchakarma (Purificatory therapy) is a very unique therapeutic procedure because of its Preventive, Promotive, and Rejuvenative properties as well as providing a radical cure. Among these Panchakarma (Puri- ficatory therapy), Swedana (sudation) is such a treatment that is applicable in all the Vatavyahdis (Vata diseases).

# **MATERIALS AND METHODS**

- 1. This is conceptual type of study. All sorts of references has been collected and relevant material is compiled from various available Ayurvedic classics texts like Charak Samhita, Sushruta Samhita, Ashtanga Hridya and Sharangadhara and available commentaries on it.
- 2. Study materials available on internet.

# **AIMS AND OBJECTIVES**

To review the Chaturvidha Svedana and its clinical applicability

### **CHATURVIDHA SVEDANA**

Acharya Sushruta and Vagbhata expalians 4 types of Svedana viz Tapa, Ushma, Upanaha, Drava Sveda.

- 1. TAPA SVEDA: It is carried out by the use of hands (palms), sheet of bronze, balls (mud, Scienti applied without heating. metal etc...) pot sherds, sand and cloth all these made hot by fire applied to the body. Svedana **PURVA KARMA:** In Purvakarma the patient with induces by person lying in room contain burning coal of *khadira* wood.<sup>5</sup>
- > Tapa Sveda is done by patting the body with heated cloth, using metal plate, palm of the hand, sand  $etc^6$ ....
- > Hot water bag may be used for this purpose.

Clinical Application: Pani tapa sveda is indicated in baala

- 2. USHMA SVEDA: Ushma means vapours and the sudation done mainly through vapours is known as Ushma Sveda. Ushma Sveda is done by heating pot pieces, stone, brick or iron ball, making them red in color like fire and sprinkling water or any fermented liquid on them .The steam evapourated from these made to touch the body part."
- ➢ Nadi and Bashpa Svedana are the examples of this type of Sveda.
- Meat soup, milk , curd, fats, fermented rice wash,or decoction of pieces of leaves of powder of Vata hara drugs should be filled in to a pot and heated (boiled), the mouth of pot

being covered with a lid or by keeping another pot with its mouth down a hole made in the side of upper pot ,a Nadi resembling trunk of the elephant fixed to the hole, the steam coming through the pipe allowed on the body.

> Clinical application: Vata Kantaka: Ishtika Sveda.

Ardhita: Ksheera Dhuma.

- 3. UPANAHA SVEDA: The word Upanaha is derived from Upa means near, naha means bind/tie. The procedure of applying warm herbal paste to the effected part of the body followed by bandaging is called Upanaha Sweda<sup>8</sup>.
- ▶ It is a type of *Ekanga Sweda*.
- ▶ Upanaha Swedana used widely in the management of Sandhigatavata.

Vatahara, > This is Shothahara (antiinflammatory), Shoolaghna (analgesic) action

### $\succ$ Types of Upanha<sup>9</sup>:

A. Saagni Upanaha: where the drugs are heated first and then applied.

B. Niragni Upanaha: where Ushna Veerya onal JourrDravya (drugs with hot potency) are

> calm and quiet mind is allowed to sit in a suitable position according to the part in which the Sweda should be performed.

- Then prior to the *Swedana* therapy *Snehana* is done (external) with suitable medicated Sneha.
- Nivata griha should be selected for the procedure in order to avoid wind and discomfort.

**PRADHANA KARMA:** After proper oleation of the affected part, Powder form of the drugs made in to paste applied on it.

- > Nirasthi Pishita Mamsa is also used Drava dravya for mixing the powder i.e. Taila, Peya, Takra, etc are taken in requaried quantity.
- Fresh leaves which pacify Vata Dosha are taken and washed well (most commonly the leaves of arka) and dry it and used for bandaging.

Time Of Application -Upanaha tied in night should be removed in morning and if tied in day should be removed in night.

# ACCO. DIFFERENT ACHARYA UPANAHA CHURNA AND IT'S ACTION

Acharya	Dosha	Drugs
CHARAKA	Keval vata Pittanugata vata Kaphanugata vata	Godhuma,yava with Sneha and kinva Sugandhi dravya like Chandana,agaru,patra etc.add with shatapushpa and jeevanti Kushta, tila ,atasi
SUSHRUTA	Kevala vata Pittanugata vata Kaphanugata vata	Vatahara dravyas made paste with kanji and lavana Krishara payasa ,utakarika ,veshavara and salvana upanaha Kakolyadi ,eladi,and surasadi gana drvya Tila atasi sarshapa kalka.
VAGBHATA	Kevala vata Pittanugata vata Kaphanugata vata	Vacha ,kinva ,shatavha,devadaru,dhanyas. Ganda dravya mamsa,rasna eranda,jatamamsi Sneha dravya, lavana ,takra, ksheeera Padmakadi gana dravya surasadi gana dravya

### CLINICAL APPLICATION OF DIFFERENT UPANAHA CHURNA

Acharya	Dosha	Drugs
CHARAKA	Keval vata Pittanugata vata Kaphanugata vata	Godhuma,yava with Sneha and kinva Sugandhi dravya like Chandana,agaru,patra etc.add with shatapushpa and jeevanti Kushta, tila ,atasi
SUSHRUTA	Kevala vata Pittanugata vata Kaphanugata vata	Vatahara dravyas made paste with kanji and lavana Krishara payasa ,utakarika ,veshavara and salvana upanaha Kakolyadi ,eladi,and surasadi gana drvya Tila atasi sarshapa kalka.
VAGBHATA	Kevala vata Pittanugata vata Kaphanugata vata	Vacha ,kinva ,shatavha,devadaru,dhanyas. Ganda dravya mamsa,rasna eranda,jatamamsi Sneha dravya, lavana ,takra, ksheeera Padmakadi gana dravya surasadi gana dravya

### **GRAHADHUMADI CHOORNA UPANAHA**

Acharya	Dosha	Drugs
CHARAKA	Keval vata Pittanugata vata Kaphanugata vata	Godhuma,yava with Sneha and kinva Sugandhi dravya like Chandana,agaru,patra etc.add with shatapushpa and jeevanti Kushta, tila ,atasi
SUSHRUTA	Kevala vata Pittanugata vata Kaphanugata vata	Vatahara dravyas made paste with kanji and lavana Krishara payasa ,utakarika ,veshavara and salvana upanaha Kakolyadi ,eladi,and surasadi gana drvya Tila atasi sarshapa kalka.
VAGBHATA	Kevala vata Pittanugata vata Kaphanugata vata	Vacha ,kinva ,shatavha,devadaru,dhanyas. Ganda dravya mamsa,rasna eranda,jatamamsi Sneha dravya, lavana ,takra, ksheeera Padmakadi gana dravya surasadi gana dravya

# Dashanga lepa

INGREDIENTS	INDICATON	METHOD OF APPLICATION
Shirisha ,yashtimadhu, nata, Chandana, ela, jatamamsi ,haridra ,daruharidra ,kushta hrivera.	Jwara,shota. visarpa ,kushta	Dashanga lepa mixed with suitable drava dravya and applied it.

# SALVANA UPANAHA<sup>10</sup>

- ➢ In this Preparation of Upanaha adding more quantity of Saindava lavana.
- Here vatahara dravya like kakolyadi gana dravya, amla dravya, anupodaka mamsa, Sneha with more lavana made in to paste and applied to affected part.
- ➢ Indication: *vataja* conditions.

### 4. DRAVA SVEDA (TUB BATH)

Sudation done by using hot liquids in tub or pouring them on the body comes under *Drava* sveda<sup>11</sup>.

# AVAGAHA SVEDA

- Dipping of body parts in to the warm medicine kvata, taila grita,Sneha,,etc...
- Suitable kvata ,Sneha or water etc.. Is to be warmed and poured into tub.
- Properly oleated patient is to be asked to take svedana in that tub either in lying or sitting position by keeping the head above.
- ➤ Time: 48 min

# **Clinical application:**

- In vata diseases: Dashamula kvata,Nirgundi kvata, Dashamula taila, Maharasnadi kvataRrasna taila, Mahamasha taila.
- Ashmari: Varunadi kvata, Asanadigana kvata.
- ➢ Kusta: Nimba kvata.
- Pittaja diseases: Guduchi kvata.
- ➢ Arshas, Bagandara.
- Arshas: Bilva kvata, Takra, Dadhi,Kanji, Gomutra<sup>12</sup>
- ➢ Vata vyadhi: Kvata, Ksheera, Taila<sup>13</sup>

# PARISEKA

- Any Kashaya, Sneha are poured all over the body or specific part of the body is called Pariseka.
- Ksheera dhara: Vataja shiro Roga Pittaja shiro Roga Sarvanga Daha

- Ushna jala Parisheka is used in Sutika Paricharya.
- Sarvanga dhara indicated Vata vyadhi.
- Amavata: Dhanyamla dhara.
- ➢ Arshas: Arka, Bilva, Triphaladi kwata<sup>14</sup>
- $\succ$  Jeerna jvara<sup>15</sup>

Dalhana has included 13 types of Saagni Svedas of Charaka in these 4 types of Svedas i.e. Tapa sveda as Jentaka, Karshu, Kuti, Kupa, Holaka. Ushma Sveda as Sankara, Prastara, Ashmagna, Nadi, Kumbhi, Bhu. Drava Sveda as Parisheka and Avagahana. Tapa sveda is indicated in kaphaja roga, Ushma sveda is indicated in kaphaja roga, Drava sveda is indicated in Pittanubandhi vata roga, Upanaha sveda is indicated in Vata roga which is predominance of Shula,Sankocha,Stambha.

#### DISCUSSION: MODE OF ACTION OF SVEDANA

Swedana has its main actions like Stambhaghna, Gauravaghna, Shitaghna, and Swedakarakatva. How Swedana performs their actions, we can understand it as below.

- Stambhaghna: Swedana releases Sthambha means stiffness. Samana Vayu which promotes agni, Sleshakakapha which lives in Sandhi, Amarasa, Mamsa, Meda, Vasa are mainly responsible for Stambha. Samana Vayu by Rukshaguna, absorbs Snigdhata and so causes Stambha. Sleshkakapha is Snigdha. Due to its loss of function, Sthambha occurs. Swedana is Snigdha and Ushna so it relieves Stambha. Ushnaguna of Swedana does Srotoshuddhi and Amapachana and so it relieves stiffness.
- Gauravaghna: Swedana relieves heaviness in the body. Apyaghataka- liquid substances of the body come out through Sweda. Apyatatva is Guru. Due to their expulsion, lightness is achieved. Swedana stimulates muscles and nerves and so lightness is gained.
- Shitaghna: Swedana is mainly Ushna so it relieves Shita by opposite property.

- Sweda Karakatva: Swedana promotes sweating. Sweda is a type of mala. Impurities of the body come out with Sweda. Sweda is related to Dhatvagni and Bhutagni (Metabolism). Swedana drugs by Ushna and Tikshnaguna are capable of penetrating themicrocirculatory channels (Srotas) where they activate the sweat glands to produce more sweat. after dilatation of micro channels. Laghu and Saraguna of these drugs enable them to act on the Snigdhadosha in the channels and direct them to move towards Kostha or excrete them through micropores of the skin in the form of sweat, resulting in Srotoshodhana. Dosha brought in Kostha are expelled out of the body with the help of Vamana or Virechana therapy.
- Doshadraveekarana<sup>16</sup>: Svedana makes the Doshas Mridu and eradicates the Mala Sanga. Because of its Ushna and Tikshna property it penetrates to each channel in the body and liquifies the Doshas. Thus it can eliminate from the body with help of Shodhana Karma.
- Vata Shamana<sup>17,18</sup>: Snigdhaupanaha Sveda pacifies the Vata Dosha by its properties opposite to that of Vata.
- Gatra Vinamana<sup>19</sup>: It is said by the application of oil and heat, even dry wood can be bent then what is the wonder about Shareera. It cures Harsha, Ruk, Ayama, Shopha, Sthambha, Graha and produces Mardava, there by permitting normal flexible body movements.
- Agni Deepana<sup>20</sup>: As svedana is ushna guna pradhana it does the ama pachana there by promoting agni in the body
- Tvak Mardava and Prasadana<sup>20</sup>: Perspiration is dependent on skin, where in the hair follicles which are the Moolas of Svedavaha Srotas are situated. Due to sweating and excretion of wastes, the skin becomes soft and pleasant.
- Srotosuddhi<sup>20</sup>: Due to the production of sweat in the body, there will be dilatation of Srotas and the channels of the body will be cleared. Thus, Srotoshudhi takes place, by which the Vata is, regulated which in turn, regulates the movement of urine, faeces and flatus.
- Sandhicheshtakara<sup>20</sup>: Svedana relieves Sthambha and Graha there by promoting the easy movement in joints.

### Sudation

Local increased in temperature during Svedana Karma has both therapeutic and physiological effect and very much effective in joint degenerative conditions.

- A. It stimulates and increases local blood and lymphatic circulation and thereby improving local tissue metabolism.
- B. During sudation by modifying secretion of various inflammatory mediators it reduces inflammation.
- C. By physical effect of heat suadation relaxes local musculature and thereby reduces pain.
- D. A study has shown that suadation increases the rate of trance dermal drug delivery and there by helpful during *Abhyanga* followed by *Sveda* for better trance dermal drug absorption.

### CONCLUSION

Svedana Karma is essential for doing any procedure in Panchakarma. Due to Poorvakarma like Snehana and Svedana, benefits and acceptance of the Pradhanakarma is improved. It makes changes in Vikrita Doshas to mobilize them without creating harm to the body. Poorvakarma helps to achieve best outcome from Pradhanakarma, in mean time body develops sensitivity to keep balance throughout the process of *Pradhanakarma*. Negligence of Poorvakarma makes complications as an unripe fruit get crushed during juice extraction whereas ripened fruit is best and juice can be easily extracted. Svedana has role in purvakarma, pradhanakarma as well as paschath karma in *Panchakarma*. Purvakarma in Shodhana procedure. As pradhana karma Svedana is very useful in Vata and Kapha, Amaja Diseases. Svedana as paschath karma in hrutha shalya(after removal of foreign body), Anupadrava Mudagarbha, Samyak prajata kala. Svedana both purvakarma and paschath karma in Bhagandhara, Arsha, Ashmari. Effective Clinical result can be obtained in disease conditions where in there is severe stiffness, pain, wasting of muscles, loss of muscle strength. Proper care to taken while administering Svedana to prevent Atisvinna Lakshanas.

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