

Political Parties Become Active Participants in Democratic Processes

Ravshanov Munir Nematovich

Lecturer at the Department of Public Law, Samarkand State Law College, Samarkand, Uzbekistan

ABSTRACT

Parties are political organizations that represent the interests of social groups, uniting their most active representatives. Political parties are an important part of the political system of society, they participate in determining the political direction of the state, they form the representative and executive bodies of government. Although the first political parties appeared during the revolutions of the 17th and 18th centuries, communities and organizations similar to political parties have existed since ancient times. Athenian heterosexuals, Roman optimists, and popularists served as political parties in ancient times.

KEYWORDS: *sovereignty; constitution; rights; civil society*

How to cite this paper: Ravshanov Munir Nematovich "Political Parties Become Active Participants in Democratic Processes" Published in International Journal of Trend in Scientific Research and Development (ijtsrd), ISSN: 2456-6470, Volume-6 | Issue-2, February 2022, pp.432-435, URL: www.ijtsrd.com/papers/ijtsrd49255.pdf



Copyright © 2022 by author (s) and International Journal of Trend in Scientific Research and Development Journal. This is an Open Access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License (CC BY 4.0) (<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0>)



Each independent state has its own unique history and culture, and its true creator and creator is the people. This inevitable truth is confirmed by the centuries-old history of Uzbekistan and the recent period of independent development, independence and strengthening of state sovereignty, a stable and rapidly developing democratic state governed by the rule of law, market economy, high spirituality, enlightenment, strong citizenship. the way to build a society, to ensure the high quality of life of present and future generations of our country. The recent history of our country and the great achievements in the liberalization of political, economic, social and other spheres of society and state life give grounds to emphasize that the people of Uzbekistan have courage and strength, unwavering will and determination. 'lib is able to overcome any difficulties and trials on the way to achieving this noble goal. The priorities of deep reforms in all spheres, the liberal changes taking place on their basis are based on the development of the political system, civil society, national economy, living standards, political and legal culture, the most important

principle of state development - "Human interests - above all else" provides a solid foundation. The Movement of Entrepreneurs and Businessmen - Liberal Democratic Party of Uzbekistan (UzLiDeP) notes that the priorities of the Action Strategy for the five priority areas of development of the Republic of Uzbekistan in 2017-2021 - the active implementation of the program of real renewal It testifies to the fact that Uzbekistan is consciously following the path of strict liberal reforms and is committed to the idea of creating a new image of the country. We note the practical integration of actions of government agencies, non-governmental organizations, civil society institutions for the effective implementation of the Action Strategy, the development of all spheres of state and public life. Improving the system of state and society building, implementing deep administrative reforms, radically reviewing the judicial system, ensuring real independence of the judiciary, liberalizing the economy, creating a favorable business and investment climate, ensuring interethnic harmony, systematic and interdependent measures are being taken to implement a well-

thought-out, mutually beneficial and constructive foreign policy. Implement the principle of "reform not for reform, but for the benefit of the people", consistently increase employment and real incomes, radically improve the social sphere, public health, infrastructure, science and education, family, state Extensive work is being done to strengthen youth policy. As a result, today Uzbekistan is one of the fastest growing, most prosperous and stable countries in the world. The atmosphere of friendship and solidarity, harmony and mutual respect, developed culture of tolerance and humanity, interethnic and inter-citizen friendship - peace and stability, increasing the effectiveness of ongoing reforms, the prestige of Uzbekistan in the international arena growth is an important factor in realizing the dreams and aspirations of the people. UzLiDeP emphasizes that the Action Strategy is based on the election program of President Shavkat Miromonovich Mirziyoyev, adopted at the VIII Congress of the party, and at the same time, the party assumes responsibility for the implementation of its rules. mobilizes all its resources in the representative and executive bodies. As the party that won the parliamentary elections in 2014-2019 and nominated the Prime Minister of the Republic of Uzbekistan, it fully assumes responsibility for the implementation of the Cabinet of Ministers' short-term and long-term action plan. z we take on. At present, our party is becoming an influential force in strengthening the power and potential of the country, ensuring a peaceful and constructive life, making a worthy contribution to the prosperity of Uzbekistan. We will continue to make a worthy contribution to addressing the needs of the people and the well-being of the people through our programs, initiatives and practices. Parties are political organizations that represent the interests of social groups, uniting their most active representatives. Political parties are an important part of the political system of society, they participate in determining the political direction of the state, they form the representative and executive bodies of government. Although the first political parties appeared during the revolutions of the 17th and 18th centuries, communities and organizations similar to political parties have existed since ancient times. Athenian heterosexuals, Roman optimists, and popularists served as political parties in ancient times. The universal form of Sp. Was mainly a group of relatives and secret organizations (Yorkes and Lancasters - in medieval England; Ali's followers - in medieval Arabia). In Asian countries, the principles of kinship and citizenship still play an important role in the formation and functioning of the SP. In Central

Asia, Sp. The historical and social situation for the formation of the country began to emerge in the late 19th - early 20th centuries. This was evidenced by the efforts of the Jadids and the Enlightenment to spread enlightenment among the people, to increase its political activity, to encourage the masses to gain autonomy within Tsarist Russia, and to raise the issue of creating an independent nation-state in the country (see Jadidism). But their aspirations were initially opposed by the tsarist authorities and local rulers. As a result, the region was politically, theoretically, and organizationally mature until 1917. did not have time to form. Oct. Political organizations and their leaders who began to manifest themselves before and after the coup were repressed, expelled, and exiled (see National Union, Young Bukhara, Young Khiva). During the Soviet era, no party other than the ruling Communist Party was banned. After the independence of the Republic of Uzbekistan, there was an opportunity for the formation and operation of the Sp. There are currently 5 political parties in the country (People's Democratic Party of Uzbekistan, Social Democratic Party of Uzbekistan "Adolat", Democratic Party of National Revival of Uzbekistan, People's Democratic Party of Uzbekistan, Liberal Democratic Party of Uzbekistan, Ecological Party of Uzbekistan). These political parties operate on the basis of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan (December 8, 1992), the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Political Parties" (December 26, 1996), other legislation, as well as their charters. The right to form political parties is enshrined in Article 34 of the Constitution. According to the law, Sp. In order to exercise the rights and freedoms of citizens, it is formed and operates on the basis of free expression, voluntary entry and exit from the party, equal rights of its members, self-government, legitimacy and transparency. But the goal is to forcibly change the constitutional order; Opposing the sovereignty, integrity and security of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the constitutional rights and freedoms of citizens; promoting war, social, national, racial and religious hatred; an aggressor to the health and spirituality of the people; The formation and operation of national and religious parties is prohibited. According to the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan on Political Parties, persons serving in law enforcement agencies (judges, prosecutors and prosecutors' investigators); Police, national security officers, military personnel, foreign nationals and stateless persons may not be members of political parties. Membership in political parties is registered only on an individual basis. A member of one party is not currently admitted to membership in

two parties. Formation of political parties requires the signature of at least 20,000 citizens living in at least 8 territorial entities (regions), including the Republic of Karakalpakstan and the city of Tashkent, and wishing to join the party. Political parties shall participate in the preparation of relevant decisions through their representatives in the elected state bodies and in the elections of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan and state authorities in accordance with the procedure established by law. In order to coordinate the policy of their parties, factions of political parties are formed in the Oliy Majlis of the Republic of Uzbekistan, party groups in the Jogorku Kenesh of the Republic of Karakalpakstan and representative bodies of local government.

The Law on Political Parties provides detailed guarantees for the activities of political parties, their formation, registration, ownership of parties, the procedure for their termination, and other issues.

On August 22, President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev met with leaders of political parties operating in the country.

During the talks, the sides exchanged views on the role and place of parties in the political and social life of our society, the preparations for the elections to the national parliament and local representative bodies in December this year, the most important and topical issues in this regard. It is known that our country has entered a new stage of development, and profound democratic changes are taking place in all spheres and industries. On the basis of the Action Strategy, special attention is paid in our society to strengthening the principles of multiparty system, political pluralism, diversity of opinion, openness and transparency.

Today, there are five political parties in the country - the Democratic Party "Milliy Tiklanish", the People's Democratic Party, the Movement of Entrepreneurs and Businessmen - the Liberal Democratic Party of Uzbekistan, the Social Democratic Party "Adolat" and the Ecological Party. All the legal grounds for them to implement their ideas and programs, to actively participate in elections on the basis of equality, openness and impartiality, to form their factions and party groups in parliament and local representative bodies, and to actively participate in the political and social life of our country. created. The newly adopted Electoral Code of the Republic of Uzbekistan is significant in that it creates more opportunities in this regard. At the meeting, the head of our state stressed that "any political party can live as a political force only if it keeps pace with the times

and meets its strict requirements." Elections to the Oliy Majlis and local councils of people's deputies are an important event in the life of our country and will undoubtedly serve as a great political school for all our people and political parties. The conduct of elections on the principles of multiparty and alternative, openness and transparency, in accordance with universally recognized democratic standards, in many respects, requires thorough preparation of political parties for this process and well-thought-out new ideas and goals. programs and their active participation in them. The fact that our national legislation stipulates that candidates will be nominated only by political parties in the forthcoming elections not only gives each party great rights and opportunities, but also imposes a high responsibility.

Of course, before the elections, each political party develops its own election program, political platform, puts forward new ideas, nominates candidates who have gained a reputation among the people. in a word, the struggle will be intense. During the conversation with the leaders of political parties, the peculiarities and significance of the current elections, the ideas and goals of the parties in this very important process, increasing the activity of the electorate, educating young people in the spirit of love and devotion to the Fatherland, forming their political leadership , to strengthen the activities of party organizations. "The only and common goal that unites all our compatriots, regardless of party affiliation, is our native Uzbekistan, its great future. This goal encourages all of us to faithfully serve our motherland," said Shavkat Mirziyoyev. During the elections, in the conditions of democratic pluralism, the emphasis was placed on the need to demonstrate the tolerance and nobility, political and legal culture inherent in our people. In particular, it was noted that it is important to comply with the norms established by our legislation on the conduct of election campaigns with the help of modern information technology. In the course of the talks, based on the current period and the requirements of large-scale reforms in the country, the activities of political parties were analyzed in depth, opinions and practical suggestions were made to improve their work and increase their effectiveness.

REFERENCES

- [1] Statute and Program of the People's Democratic Party of Uzbekistan, 2014
- [2] Program of the Democratic Party of National Revival of Uzbekistan. - Tashkent. 2014.

- [3] M. Kyrgyzbaev "Civil society: political parties, ideologies and cultures." T.: Sharq, 1998; Issues of developing the principles of democratic multiparty system and parliamentarism. T.: Sharq, 2003; Uzbekistan: Towards Civil Society T.: Sharq, 2003.
- [4] Khalilov E.X. Establishment and development of election laws in Uzbekistan T., Uzbekistan, 1999
- [5] Axmedov D.Q. Political parties and party system in foreign countries. T: TDYUI, 2004.

