Modelling and Analysis of High Rise Structure Using Different Shapes of RC Shear Wall for High Seismic Zone Using Flat Slab

Aakanksha Vaman Chaudhari¹, Nitesh Kushwaha², Prof. Afzal Khan²

¹M. Tech. Scholar, ²Professor

^{1,2}Department of Civil Engineering, Millennium Institute of Technology & Science,

Bhopal, Madhya Pradesh, India

ABSTRACT

RCC walls including shear walls are the usual multi-Storied Buildings requirements. In past researches high rise structure without RC Shear Wall is not safe for earthquake force. No comparative analysis of structures on seismic behavior of high rise structure by using of RC Shear wall with flat slab.

Present work is comparative study of the behaviour of high rise 16 Storey buildings with and without RC Shear wall using flat slab. Modelling and Analysis of high rise structure using STAAD PRO V8i Software. STAAD PRO software which is based on the application of Finite Element Method. This software is a widely used in the field of structural design and analysis. Now a day this software is very much friendly for the analysis of different type of structures and to calculate the result at every node & element wise. Here three cases are consider for study 16 Storey buildings and analysis displacement, shear force & bending moments generated in structure with and without RC Shear wall using flat slab.

 IJTSRD
International Journal of Trend in Scientific Research and Development

SSN: 2456-6470

How to cite this paper: Aakanksha Vaman Chaudhari | Nitesh Kushwaha | Prof. Afzal Khan "Modelling and Analysis of High Rise Structure Using Different Shapes of RC Shear Wall for High Seismic

Zone Using Flat Slab" Published in International Journal of Trend in Scientific Research and Development (ijtsrd), ISSN: 2456-6470, Volume-5 | Issue-3,



April 2021, pp.1049-1051, URL: www.ijtsrd.com/papers/ijtsrd41121.pdf

Copyright © 2021 by author (s) and International Journal of Trend in Scientific Research and Development Journal. This

is an Open Access article distributed under the terms of



the Creative Commons Attribution License (CC BY 4.0) (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0)

INTRODUCTION

RC SHEAR WALL comprises of strengthened solid dividers and fortified solid sections their divider thicknesses range from 140 mm to 500 mm, contingent upon development age and warm protection requirements. Usually, these dividers stay at the stature of the whole structure; anyway a few dividers are shut down to the street front or cellar level to allow for mechanical or stopping areas. Sometimes, the divider structure is symmetric regarding in any event one hub inside the plan. Usually, divider support comprises of two layers of fortifications appropriated through the length of the wall. Also, vertical fortification bars are offered close to the entryway and window openings on the divider end zones.

OBJECTIVES

Present work is comparative study of the behaviour of high rise 16 Storey buildings with and without RC Shear wall using flat slab.

METHODOLOGY

The RCC building models having 16 storeys with shear walls and without shear walls are considered for the study. The FEM RS analysis of building is carried out using structural engineering software StaadPro V8i and the seismic performance of building with various shear walls configurations is compared with respect to parameters like base shear, lateral displacement, time period and member forces.

THE FOLLOWING MODELS OF BUILDING ARE CONSIDERED

- Case I without shear wall
- Case II with L shape shear walls
- Case III with C shape shear walls

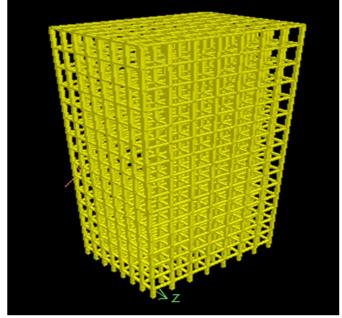


Fig. 1: Building without RC shear wall

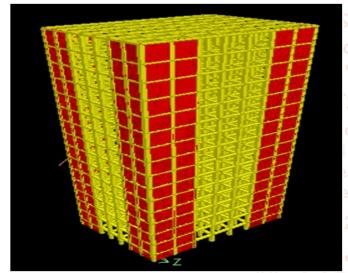


Fig. 2: Building with L shape RC shear wall

Results

Shear force results for high rise structure

Table 1: Shear force results for high rise stru	icture
---	--------

Models	Shear force (KN)Zone = IV					
	Max Fy (in kN)					
Case I	37.9					
Case II	58.2					
Case III	66.2					
Models	Shear force (KN)Zone = IV					
	Min Fy (in kN)					
Case I	-37.9					
Case II	-215.1					
Case III	-278.2					
Models	Shear force (KN)Zone = IV					
	Max Fz (in kN)					
Case I	12.0					
Case II	113.6					
Case III	156.9					
Models	Shear force (KN)Zone = IV					
	Min Fz (in kN)					
Case I	-12.0					
Case II	-315.4					
Case III	285.6					

It is observed that maximum shear forces are seen in CaseIII for zoneIV. From all the models, Case II shown min shear forces.

MODELS	Bending moment (KNm)						
	Max Mx	Min Mx	Max My	Min My	Max Mz	Min Fz	
	(in kNm)	(in kNm)	(in kNm)	(in kNm)	(in kNm)	(in kN)	
Case I	9.93	-9.93	216.6	-216.6	771.1	-284.1	
Case II	114.26	-84.23	1141.24	-742.3	2023.11	-684.1	
Case III	87.21	-110.14	745.34	-671.6	1013.58	-842.3	

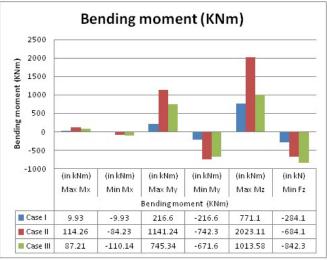


Fig. 3: Bending moment results for high rise structure

International Journal of Trend in Scientific Research and Development (IJTSRD) @ www.ijtsrd.com eISSN: 2456-6470

It is observed that maximum bending moments are seen in case 2 for zone IV. From all the models, Case II shown min shear forces for zone 4.

CONCLUSION

- The Minimum Nodal deflection results for high rise structure in Case I II and III is respectively Min Y 2.38, 3.24 and 3.98.
- The Minimum Nodal deflection results for high rise structure in Case I II and III is respectively Min X -0.076, -0.116 and -0.127.
- The maximum Nodal deflection results for high rise structure in Case I II and III is respectively Max Y -12.06, -34.71 and -12.06.
- It is observed that maximum shear forces are seen in Case III for zone IV. From all the models, Case II shown min shear forces.
- All the models with shear walls have approximately 60% less time period as compared with Case II has minimum time period.

REFERENCES:

- [1] Qiuhong ZHAO, Abolhassan Astaneh -ASL ," Cyclic Behaviour of traditional and innovative composite shear walls" 13th World Conference on Earthquake Engineering
- [2] Ravi Kumar K. Sundar Kumar "Analysis and Design of Shear Wall for an Earthquake Resistant Building using ETABS"International Journal for Innovative Research in Science & Technology, Volume 4, Issue 5, October 2017
- [3] S K Hirde ,N K Shelar (2016), Effect of Positioning of RC Shear Walls on Seismic Performance of Buildings Resting on Plain and Sloping Ground, International Journal of Current Engineering and Technology, Vol.5, No.3, 1659- 1665.
- [4] S. P. Sharma, J. P. Bhandar (2015), Literature Review on the Seismic Performance of Multi-Storey Building with Different Locations of Shear Wall and Diagrid, International Journal of Science and Research, Volume 6 Issue 6, 583-590.
- [5] Shahabodin. Zaregairizi,"Comparative investigation on using shear wall and infill to improve seismic performance of existing buildings", 14th World Conference on Earthquake Engineering.
- [6] Shaik Kamal Mohammed Azam, Vinod Hosur (2013), "Seismic performance evaluation of multistoried RC

framed buildings with shear wall." Journal of Scientific & Engineering Research, Volume 4, Issue 1.

- [7] SoundariyaTumane, Vinay Mehta(2018), A Study on Time History Analysis of High Rise Building with Infill Panels, International Journal for Research in Applied Science & Engineering Technology, Volume 6 Issue 6, 369-378.
- [8] Sumanth G, Mr.Vasantha.D(2016), Comparative Seismic Behaviour Analysis Of Structure With Shear Wall At Different Locations, International Research Journal of Engineering and Technology, Volume: 03 Issue: 08,413-419.
- [9] SunilkumarKalyani, Vishwanath.B.Patil (2015),Effect of Shear Wall Sections on Multistorey Building with Satellite Bus-Stop having Floating Columns with Top Soft Storey, International Journal for Innovative Research in Science & Technology, Volume 2, Issue 02,pp. 169-174.
- T. Gouthami, Dr. K. Rajashekar (2017), The Behaviour of Shear Wall of High-Rise Building, Under Seismic Load by Adopting Linear Dynamic Analysis, International Journal of Scientific Engineering and Technology Research, Vol.06, Issue 31, 1-6.
- Tarun shrivastava, Anubhav Rai, Prof. Yogesh Kumar Bajpai (2013), "Effectiveness of shear wall-frame structure subjected to wind loading in multi-storey building." International Journal of Computational Engineering Research, Vol.5.
- [12] Tarunshrivastava, Prof.Anubhav Rai, Prof. Yogesh Kumar Bajpai (2015), "Effectiveness of shear wallframe structure subjected to wind loading in multistorey building." International Journal of Computational Engineering Research, Vol.5.
- [13] Tsonos AG, Tegos IA, Penelis GGr. "Seismic resistance of type 2 exterior beam-column joints reinforced with inclined bars, ACI structuraljournal, 89,. 3-12,1992.
- [14] Ugale Ashish B. and Raut Harshlata R," Effect of steel plate shear wall on behavior of structure" International Journal of civil Engineering Research. ISSN 2278-3652 Volume5, Number 3(2014)pp 295-300. [7].
- [15] Varsha. R. Harne "Comparative study of strength of RC Shear wall at different location on multistoried Residential building", International Journal of civil Engineering Research. ISSN 2278-3652 Volume5,Number 4(2014)pp 391-400.