

# Evolution of Quantitative Effects of Construction Changes on Labor Productivity, Time and Cost Control Using Building Information Modeling

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## ABSTRACT

In spite of the fact that the development business has been advancing for quite a long time and analysts have been looking for imaginative answers for quite a long time, different difficulties actually exist for making the development cycle quicker, more secure, less expensive, and more precise. Nonetheless, it is presently accepted that Building Information Modeling (BIM) can prompt more noteworthy productivity through the gradual cooperation. The information in BIM framework are incredibly helpful and can be produced to streamline the task conveyance measures. Since BIM fabricates the arrangement cost and requires a significant desire to assimilate data, adventure individuals are totally stressed over the endeavor cost, forestalling the gathering of BIM for the undertaking transport. The rise of Building Information Model (BIM), an elective innovation is accepted to fathom issues identified with venture cost and time control as it productively expands coordinated effort between partners. The point of this paper is to audit and sum up the reasons for deferral and cost overwhelm in development enterprises, which are the fundamental driver of debates and deserting of ventures in the business. It was discovered that postponements and cost overwhelm eat profound into the business and leave the development business with an awful picture for quite a long time even with quick headway in innovation.

**Keywords:** cost control, delay and cost overrun, time control BIM

## 1. INTRODUCTION

Undertaking the board is the order of arranging, putting together, making sure about, overseeing, driving, and controlling assets to accomplish explicit objectives. Its capacity is to guarantee the achievement of undertaking goals, all in all, to guarantee venture benefits (Nielsen, 2006). The reason for venture the board is to foresee however many threats and issues as could be expected under the circumstances to guarantee a fruitful task (Lock, 2004). As indicated by R.A. Yamin and D.J. Harmelink, to precisely design, anticipate and control the development cycle is basic for the fruitful undertaking the board (Harmelink and Yamin, 2001). They additionally suggested that timetables ought to consistently be utilized by venture chiefs (PM) to play out their work.

Time, cost and quality are the three components that are considered during the time spent venture the board. Indeed, they are not independent components, however are firmly associated. While assessing the expense of a given undertaking, the principles of value and time needed to finish it must be thought of. Similarly, to seek after an elevated level of value, a specific measure of time and cost must be contributed. In this postulation, the exploration

centers around time and cost. Time and cost the board for a development venture have been the main issues since the approach of the development business. Different components are engaged with the vulnerability of undertaking improvement. Numerous endeavors have been made to incorporate timetable and cost in development ventures, prompting the advancement of different joining techniques and models in a few investigations. The accompanying segments incorporate a writing look and Discuss related zones for an undertaking's time and cost control.

Legitimate cost control is likewise a fundamental element for a fruitful task. The initial step of cost control is to recognize the variables that influence venture costs. The current elements can be separated into two significant classes: quantitative components and subjective elements. At present, the AEC business specialists have given numerous endeavors to create procedures that solitary consider quantitative factors and disregard subjective factors, for example, "customer need on development time, contractual worker's arranging ability, obtainment techniques and economic situations including level of development action" (Elchaig, Boussabinaine, and Ballal,

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2005, page 539-540). Because of an extraordinary number of variables that should be thought of, it is hard to anticipate the specific expense to finish development ventures (Gould, 2004). It isn't unexpected to see that the last venture cost is higher than the planned expense. It was accounted for that a cost invade is one of the primary issues in the AEC business (Reina and Angelo, 2002). Peeters and Madauss (2008) expressed the greatest reason for cost overwhelms is off base assessment toward the start of an undertaking.

Alluding to the National Building Information Model Standard (NBIMS), BIM is characterized as "a computerized portrayal of physical and practical qualities of an office. In that capacity, it fills in as a mutual information asset for data about an office shaping a dependable reason for choices during its life cycle from initiation forward" (Smith and Edgar, 2009). Hence, BIM is an idea for a progression of strategies that empower the cycle and practice of virtual plan and development through the task life cycle. BIM is principally a three dimensional (3D) computerized portrayal of a structure. The model comprises of 3D liveliness of real structure parts, which likewise convey the projection data including the actual area of segments, materials, makers, structures' fire rating, and so on. From the principal component put into the model, the properties are very much characterized and will consistently remain in the model. Moreover, the models likewise structure a stage for venture members to share information and to convey. The cycle of BIM is to create models including data the executives.

## 2. LITERATURE REVIEW

Dongping, Heng, Guangbin, and Ting (2016). The unpredictable idea of BIM can be found in an investigation that recognized the inspirations for receiving BIM were multi-dimensional in nature. Hence, a restricted comprehension of its capacity and resultant effects, would imply that the business would not be augmenting the advantages of BIM and in certain occurrences could hurt the advancement and development of BIM. The interest to all the more likely comprehend and characterize BIM has incited studies to set up a norm for viably estimating and understanding Building Information Modeling Maturity (BIMM). Chen, investigates BIMM and explored the markers and related variables that would catch a more thorough comprehension of BIM as it identifies with its development

Y. Chen, Hazar, F., Mark, and Mihaela (2016). The investigation by Chen recommends that BIMM can be assembled under Technology, Information, Process and People. Recognizes the variables proposed by Chen yet in addition incorporates Policy as a factor of BIM. Consequently, writing survey showed that the thoroughness of BIMM can be estimated through Information, Technology, Process, People and Policy Management. Chen, introduced a table posting the measurements/factors and gathered pointers under the applicable measurements. Components, for example, programming interoperability of BIM, while likewise improving initiative from the members to share data and team up. The comprehension of BIM ought to stretch out past only industry to the advanced degree structure. There

is a requirement for a more organized constantly BIM instruction. The teamed up industry concentrates on BIM and a very much organized BIM training will help with improving and boosting the advantages of BIM.

Yunfeng. Chen et al., (2016) "The progression of data put away in a 3D data set which concerns legitimate administration of data concerning structures". This definition features the comprehension of a data rich model that can be utilized for better representation and improved administration. Another Academic portrayed BIM as a "Cycle that ought to be and can be utilized during the whole lifecycle of the venture. It has different cycles including recreation and furthermore fills in as a store". This meaning of BIM appeared to have the emphasis on the cycle situated nature of BIM. An additional people and the executives situated meaning of BIM was portrayed as "A clever usefulness added to the current plan and office the board measures that is useful for all partners associated with the development venture. An Academic who additionally tallies 35 years of industry experience as a proprietor/engineer featured the innovation headway and multi-dimensional nature of BIM and characterized it as "An instrument for representation, conflict recognition and an intermittent utilization of virtual and enlarged reality to deal with a 3D information base that incorporates as-assembled drawings that are connected to office the executives measures". It was likewise expressed that the Academic was using BIM's abilities of advanced filtering and utility evaluation and disappointment observing with the end goal of better and improved office the board. It was seen in the subjective information investigation that the definitions for BIM gave from the Academic viewpoint included data, innovation, individuals and cycle which are the elements of BIM development as proposed. Writing audit has demonstrated that there are likenesses in the components used to gauge BIM and the classifications by which we evaluate efficiency in development. Nonetheless, there should be a present-day concentrate with information and data from the professionals to confirm how BIM impacts development execution and how it can additionally improve its effects on profitability.

## 3. METHODOLOGY

Initial, a writing audit was directed primarily thinking about the methodologies of task time and cost control, and CAD and BIM applications. Fundamental ideas and current techniques for venture time and cost control were audited and introduced. Existing issues that cause time and cost overwhelms in the AEC business were depicted.

At that point a neighborhood modeler and development the board firm was counseled to cooperate with a genuine task's BIM model. The cycle and model were Indore Sports retail focus is dissected. Information examination dependent on the 3D models was led to outline how this new undertaking conveyance technique can help advance a task's time and cost control. Significant difficulties for the BIM cycle were expressed, and the answers for address these difficulties are additionally tended to. Eventually, the advantages of utilizing BIM to convey the venture were featured. Suggestions for the future utilization of BIM, as a rule, were made. The primary obstructions that compel the utilizations of BIM were additionally examined.

#### 4. RESULT

##### a) Project Overview

The case venture is to fabricate a Sports retail focus in Architects fills in as the lead engineering configuration group (Architects Interior fashioner and Builders of Indore). The models and information concentrated for the situation are totally gotten from Sports retail focus sidestep street Indore. Table 1 is a rundown of the fundamental venture data from Sports retail focus sidestep street Indore and Figure 1 shows how the retail community will probably be delivered in Auto Desk Revit 2009. This task is a two-story store which will incorporate 90 strength shops; a blessing lodge; virtual golf and shooting displays are plan. The site region is more than 200,000 square feet. It is arranged as the anchor for a bigger retail and business improvement at the south finish of the augmentation at Interstate 72. Truth be told, the Springfield store is another

Table1 Project Information Overview

Project Name	Spots Retail Center
Location	Sports retail centre bypass road Indore
Area	200,000 sq.ft.
Stating Date	June 2019
Owner	Prathap C Reddy
GC	Hindustan Construction company (HCC)
Architect	Architects Interior designer & Builders of Indore

##### b) BIM Process

The BIM concept has already existed for a period of time. Interested people have learned about plentiful benefits that it can bring. At the same time, some people are confused about what the BIM process is, additionally what it can specifically do is still a confusing question. In this section, further discussion about the impact of BIM to the building project is given based on this project's case study. Figure shows the essential BIM cycle of undertaking conveyance. The undertaking ordinarily begins with the advancement of 3D BIM models. This stage is intricate; during it the planners plan and test the models, to and fro until no more conflicts are identified outwardly. Around then, the organized BIM model is shaped. Amounts can be extricated from this model for assessing, planning, and so forth During development, BIM models are utilized for coordinating, dynamic and change the executives. After the task is done, an as-constructed model is ready for sometime later, carrying the model to another venture cycle. The BIM models go about as intuitive associations with organize all venture members all through the plan, pre-development, office the executives, and remodel venture life cycle

##### c) Real-Time Access Design

The BIM cycle first advantages the plan group. With customary plan measures, drawings for various perspectives are finished independently. This strategy is a very tedious and work-stacked cycle which likewise expands the chance of contentions. What's more, if there is a change to one of the drawings, the draftsman should

reconsider the entirety of the others. Notwithstanding, BIM has acquainted new techniques with improve the plan cycle.

Autodesk Revit, known as BIM programming, is the fundamental device for plan. Its different capacities offer a 3D parametric world, permitting the draftsman to assemble ventures, and data about the models is put away in its information base.

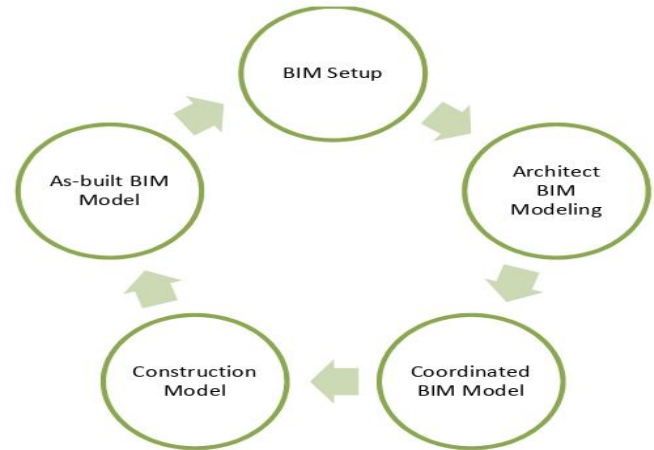


Figure 1. BIM Process

A model is given to portray the plan cycle for just making a 3D divider in Autodesk Revit Architecture 2009. The means are as per the following:

1. Open Revit Architecture 2009, make another undertaking;
2. Go to the Design Bar on the left half of the window, click on Wall, as appeared in Figure;
3. Use cursor to wrap up drawing the divider. While moving the cursor, the element of the divider is consequently appeared
4. In any case, this measurement is editable in the wake of finishing the drawing;
5. Once the divider is done, it will resemble the one appeared in Figure. Now, the 3D divider is finished, as well. Go to the Tool Bar; click on 3D;

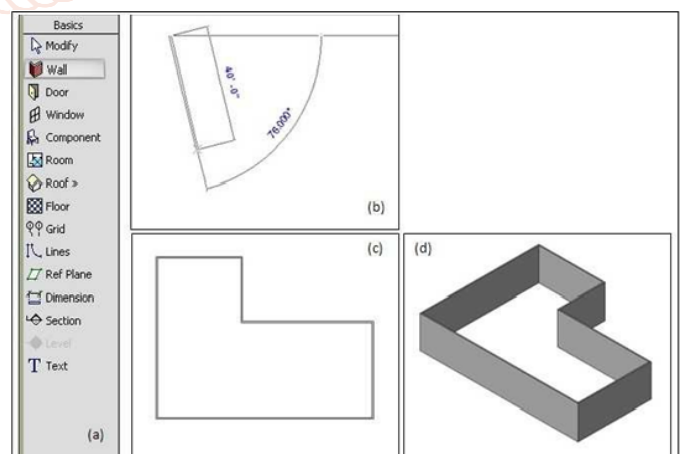


Figure 2. Wall Example.

As portrayed above, in Revit, to make the divider, one just necessities to draw the shape on one rise, and the other rise drawings are made all the while. Not exclusively are the dividers done along these lines, yet the whole BIM model is created thusly. This ongoing access supplies a powerful climate where all designers for a similar venture



can work exclusively on their parts, and afterward blend the various pieces of the work documents together to frame the total model. This cycle spares a great deal of time in the plan stage, and considerably more work is accomplished.

### d) Data Integration

The center substance of BIM is "I", which speaks to the data that the BIM models can convey. Dissimilar to a 2D drawing, the 3D models made in Revit are straightforward designs of things to come building; yet they likewise record all information for a venture all through the undertaking life cycle. Every component contribution to the Revit model must be characterized in detail. As Figure shows, when an entryway is made in Revit Architecture, its fundamental properties, for example, material, type, thickness, tallness, width, fire rating, and so forth, are characterized. At the point when the data is input, the information are spared in the information base relating to the segment.

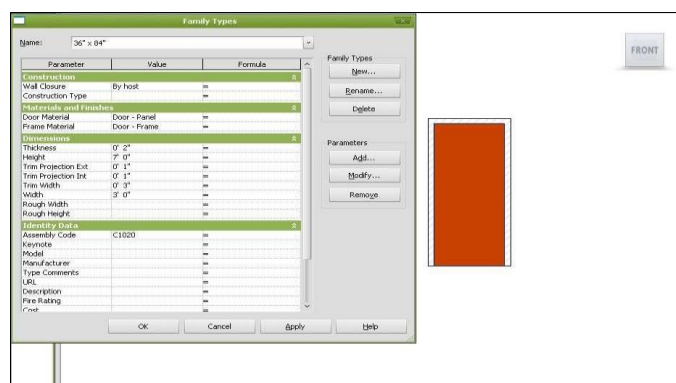


Figure 3. Define a Door in Revit.

Type	Assembly Description	Length	Material: Area	Material: Name
HSS3X3X1/4	Superstructure	7' - 11 1/2"	14 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS3X3X1/4	Superstructure	7' - 11 1/2"	14 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS3X3X1/4	Superstructure	8' - 6 9/256"	15 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS3X3X1/4	Superstructure	8' - 6 9/256"	15 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS4X4X1/4	Superstructure	9' - 8 5/8"	23 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS4X4X1/4	Superstructure	9' - 8 5/8"	23 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS4X4X1/4	Superstructure	8' - 6 9/256"	15 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS4X4X1/4	Superstructure	20' - 0"	48 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS4X4X1/4	Superstructure	9' - 8 5/8"	23 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS4X4X1/4	Superstructure	19' - 7"	47 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS4X4X1/4	Superstructure	20' - 0"	48 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS4X4X1/4	Superstructure	19' - 7"	47 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS4X4X1/4	Superstructure	9' - 8 5/8"	23 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS4X4X1/4	Superstructure	9' - 8 5/8"	23 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS4X4X1/4	Superstructure	20' - 0"	48 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS4X4X1/4	Superstructure	19' - 7"	47 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS4X4X1/4	Superstructure	19' - 7 1/2"	49 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS4X4X1/4	Superstructure	19' - 5 1/2"	48 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS4X4X1/4	Superstructure	25' - 0 1/2"	62 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS4X4X1/4	Superstructure	9' - 8 5/8"	23 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS6X4X3/8	Superstructure	45' - 5 1/2"	134 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS6X4X3/8	Superstructure	17' - 0"	50 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS6X4X3/8	Superstructure	19' - 7 1/2"	58 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS6X4X3/8	Superstructure	19' - 7 1/2"	58 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS6X4X3/8	Superstructure	17' - 0"	50 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS6X4X3/8	Superstructure	16' - 11"	50 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
HSS6X4X3/8	Superstructure	17' - 1"	51 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A500 - Grade B - Rectangular and Square
W10X49	Superstructure	7' - 11 1/2"	39 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A992
W10X49	Superstructure	7' - 11 1/2"	39 SF	Metal - Steel - ASTM A992
Grand total: 92				

Figure 5. Part of Column Material Takeoffs

### e) Prefabrication

One of the most important objective of task control is security on the building site. The contractual workers consistently needs to control the size of field teams, the quantity of huge hardware and the materials stockpiling nearby. Construction is viewed as a viable technique to help decrease likely risks. By creating the majority of the structure segments in workshops, the measure of works

In the interim, the data in the information base isn't secluded without anyone else yet connected with one another. Accordingly, in the event that one thing is changed, the other related things are consequently refreshed. Moreover, the plans, drawings, details, departures, and so on are completely spared electronically in a similar information base at the time they are made. They would all be able to be created through significant perspectives. For instance, Figure is the primary floor see; Figure 13 is essential for the section material amount departures; Figure 14 is the drawing sheet for the divider material departures. They are generally consequently recorded in the information base during the plan cycle, sparing a lot of time contrasted with the customary cycle

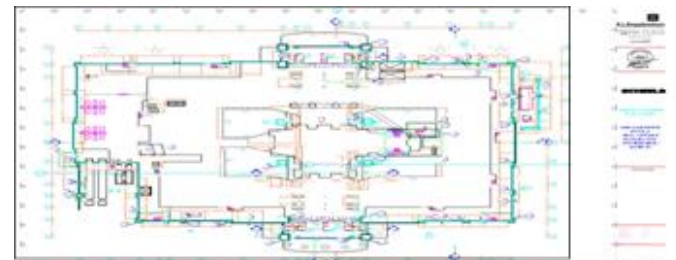


Figure 4. Main Floor Plain

incredible test here is the means by which to decide if the segment can be pre-assembled and how to create it decisively.

BIM brings development gatherings to get included at early undertaking stage. This encourages the correspondence among them. On this case venture, the temporary worker had adequate opportunity to search for makers and timetable conveyance with them. The subcontractors joined the group so as to team up with contractual workers chipping away at BIM models. These advanced models can be handily separated to manufacture work processes. Remarkable for exact constant plan, BIM adequately chops down mistakes during manufacture blunders. The mix of BIM and construction is end up being coherent, possible, and beneficial.

## 5. CONCLUSION

The general target of this exploration was to check whether BIM can lessen venture time and set aside cash. To discover the outcome, the specialists presented a BIM-focused venture conveyance measure. The contextual investigation created for this theory indicated the use of BIM practically speaking. This investigation contrasted the BIM measures and the customary cycles for venture conveyance, joining the genuine utilization of BIM, and found the advantages of applying BIM to the task: quick ongoing plan; exact 3D representation with various plan sees; programmed record the executives; upgraded joint effort and correspondence; quick and precise model-based assessing; and streamlined 4D booking.

In spite of the fact that there are different advantages when utilizing BIM for venture time and cost control, the expectation to absorb information required and the underlying expense for BIM arrangement could be the primary obstructions for the spread of this cutting edge innovation. A since quite a while ago located organization should be sure that the compensations of getting BIM are more critical. The utilization of BIM additionally fulfills the guideline of manageability in different manners: shortening the field-process duration, expanding nearby inexhaustible chances, decreasing the waste delivered through development, sparing energy, expanding work profitability, and so forth In rundown, the effect of BIM on schedule and cost control is tied in with limiting expense and quickening progress.

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