The Impact of Global Pandemic (COVID-19) on India

Dr. Nilachal Mishra

Lecturer in Sanskrit, K.C.P.A.N Jr. College, Bankoi, Khurda, Odisha, India

ABSTRACT

Coronavirus (Covid-19) is known as a disease of infection which causes a newly discovered coronavirus. This virus was identified in December 2019 in China, Wuhan, and from that particular day, the virus is now spread all over the world very seriously and rapidly also. The world is now facing a great crisis after the second world war. It stops all the developmental and welfare works. In the world. And this virus affects the educational, social, religious, economic and cultural, physical, psychological acts and activities in India and also all over the world. The World Health Organization (Who) says pandemic is worldwide spread new disease.

How to cite this paper: Dr. Nilachal Mishra "The Impact of Global Pandemic

(COVID-19) on India" Published in International Journal of Trend in Scientific Research and Development (ijtsrd), ISSN: 2456-6470, Volume-4 | Issue-6,



October 2020, pp.1684-1685, URL: www.ijtsrd.com/papers/ijtsrd35777.pdf

Copyright © 2020 by author(s) and International Journal of Trend in Scientific **Research and Development Journal. This** is an Open Access article distributed

under the terms of the Creative **Commons Attribution**



BY License (CC 4.0) (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0)

INTRODUCTION

Coronavirus(COVID-19) is regarded as a disease of infection and is caused by a newly discovered Coronavirus. It was firstly identified in December 2019 in Wuhan, China and arc since, that virus spread rapidly all over India, and not only in long affected by touching these objects or surfaces and then India but also all over the world. As of 28, may,2020 more than 5. 7million confirmed cases have been recorded, and 245 more than 355,000 deaths occurred. And more than 2.34 million have recovered.

The virus (COVID-19) is firstly spread between the people who make close contact, small droplets which produce by coughing, talking, and sneezing. The most common symptoms of this Coronavirus (COVID-19) are fever, dry cough, tiredness, and somebody who has suffered aches and pains, runny nose, sore throat, nasal congestion, and diarrhea. These symptoms are very normal and it develops gradually. It is seen that some people are infected but the real symptoms do not develop and they do not feel any unwell.

A number of people about 80 percent recover from this Covid-19 disease without any specific treatments. Among the people of six numbers, one person gets COVID-19 and becomes very serious, and also he feels difficulty breathing.

Aged people who have some underlying medical problems like High Blood Pressure, Diabetics, and Heart problems can develop seriousness by the same virus mostly. And the people who feel some difficulties for taking a breath and they should be taken to the medical treatment definitely.

How the virus (COVID-19) spread

People may be affected by this COVID-19 from others who have the coronavirus. The disease spread person to person through small droplets from a person's nose or mouth when a person with COVID-19. These droplets can survive on land and any objects for a long time, and then other people can be touching their noses, eyes, or mouth. People can easily catch that virus COVID-19 by taking a breath in droplets from a person who has already been affected by COVID-19. This is the cause of why a person maintains a one-meter staying distance from another man.

There is another question that arises in the mind of the people that can Covid-19 effect and catch from a man who has no symptoms of that virus?

In this case, the National Health Mission of India says that the risk of catching Covid-19 from somebody who has no symptoms at all is very low. However, the number of people with Covid-19 experience only mild symptoms. The risk of infection of coronavirus (COVID-19) from the feces of an affected person is seen very low. When primary investigations suggest that viruses may exist in feces rarely, but the spread of the virus through this channel is not a main feature of the outbreak.

No antibiotics and vaccine for Covid-19

There are no antibiotics for the treatment of this global pandemic (COVID-19), and this COVID-19 is caused by a virus. Hence no antibiotics do not work as a fruitful result for its treatment. So antibiotics should not be taken as a preventive for the treatment of COVID-29. So the Physician can only treat the patient as a bacterial infection.

No vaccine for Covid-19 has not been introduced to date, and there is no specific antiviral medicine to prevent this virus.

International Journal of Trend in Scientific Research and Development (IJTSRD) @ www.ijtsrd.com eISSN: 2456-6470

So those are seen as affected, they should take their proper care to receive symptoms. A person with severe illness should be taken in contact with the doctor, and he should take the spital admission as per his physician's advice. And it looks like the most supportive treatment and proper care.

Impact of Covid-19 in Indian lifestyle

All buses, trains, and metros are suspended. State borders sealed and interstate movement is also stopped. The migrant workers are also returned to their native places. Due to global pandemic Coronavirus (COVID-19) the entire lifestyle of all Indians is disturbed. All International flights have suspended all visas barring a few categories were suspended till April,15, and then to date also. All domestic flights are also suspended except using some commercial activities and essential goods all over the country. places of the state have been identified as Covid-19 hotspots and declared high-risk zones. And the country is also divided into three types like the red zone, orange zone, and green zones. >any hospitals and a large number of isolation beds are prepared exclusively for treatment and for the care of COVID-19 affected patients in the whole country. Arogya setu app has been introduced by the government of India to disseminate information related to Covid-19.

The Reserve Bank of India has taken various steps to give relaxation for the people. He minimizes the rate of interest, relaxes on repayment of the loan EMI for the business person and individual borrowers also.

Further for the development of the general people, the P M-Cares fund has been launched to provide food and for taking care of the poor.

Impact of Covid-19 on Indian Agriculture

The Nation wise lockdown has brought great stress on the minds of every Indian farmer who lives only depending upon their own lands. Now they became workless and they cannot maintain their day-to-day life normally.

The Psycho-social impact of COVID -19 on India

When this Covid-19 was seen in India and lockdown started, at that time people now lived in their own houses to avoid contact with others. The global health pandemic brings some changes in every human's personal lives like forcing isolation, anger, hopelessness, uncertainty, and huge psychological distress. The Pandemic Covid-19 is now like a threat to human society, and it is an invisible emotional strain for all the Indians.

Economic Impact

In India, the economic system of the country has been downgraded. The unemployment rate had increased by nearly 19% in one Month by 24 April, and also the unemployment system reached 26% in the whole of India, as per the view of the center for monitoring the Indian Economy. Various hotels and airlines are cutting the salaries of their employees. More than 40% of households have lost their income as compared to the last year. The business of the tourism Industry has been decreased and that loss to the Industry is about 15000 Crore for the month of March and April only. Mr. Raghunatha Rajan, the former Chief of RBI (Reserve Bank of India) says that the global Pandemic Coronavirus (Covid-19) may be the greatest emergency since independence.

As per the expectation of the Indian Economy, the loss is 32000 every day during the first lockdown periods. CRISIL says India's fourth recession since Independence, the first since liberalization and perhaps the worst to date, is here.

The Impact on E-commerce

In the month of March, 3rd week, Amazon the biggest ecommerce company announced it would stop the sale of the items which are non-essentials in India. Amazon has also faced the same strategy in other countries like Italy and France.

The Impact on Education

The Covid-19 pandemic is the first and foremost health crisis in India and abroad also. Many countries have taken the decision to close schools, colleges, and all the educational Institutions along with Universities, and teachings are running online all over the country, and student assessments have been canceled. As per the present crisis of India, there is no certainty when schools and colleges will continue smoothly. And due to the coronavirus Pandemic, all the entrance Examinations are postponed in our country, India Undoubtedly. Some facilities and other employees also face salary cuts, and bonuses and increments can be postponed also. Technology has played an important role in this lock down period like a study from home and work from home. Some private educational Institutions have adopted Online education systems. But on the other hand government schools and other low-income private schools may not be able to provide online teachings.

Conclusion

From the above discussions, it is concluded that COVID-9 is a disease of pure new and full of unknown to all previously. But it may be able to change something in the mind of all human beings in this modern world. And this coronavirus (COVID-19) became a new challenge in the day-to-day lives of every Indian. It can easily be said that, Covid-19 disease is like a new alert of God Almighty to the whole human society and which became unforgettable forever.

References

- [1] India-briefing.com.
- [2] m.jagranjosh.com.
- [3] https://reliefweb.int.
- [4] https://en.m.wikipedia.org.
- [5] https://www.wider.unu.
- [6] www.sakaltimes.com.
- [7] https://www.statista.com.