# Fraud and Malware Detection in Google Play by using Search Rank

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#### ABSTRACT

Fraudulent behaviors in Google Play, the most popular Android app market, fuel search rank abuse and malware proliferation. To identify malware, previous work has focused on app executable and permission analysis. In this paper, we introduce FairPlay, a novel system that discovers and leverages traces left behind by fraudsters, to detect both malware and apps subjected to search rank fraud. Fair Play discovers hundreds of fraudulent apps that currently evade Google Bouncer's detection technology.

**KEYWORDS:** FairPlay, Google Bouncer's detection technology, fuel search rank, fraudsters

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**1. Introduction to Data Mining:** Generally, data mining is the process of analyzing data from different perspectives and summarizing it into useful information information that can be used to increase revenue, cuts costs, or both. Data mining software is one of a number of analytical tools for analyzing data. It allows users to analyze data from many different dimensions or angles, categorize it, and summarize the relationships identified. Technically, data mining is the process of finding

correlations or patterns among dozens of fields in large

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relational databases. Data mining is an interdisciplinary subfield of computer science and statistics with an overall goal to extract information from a data set and transform the information into a comprehensible structure for further use. Data mining is the analysis step of the "knowledge discovery in databases" process or KDD. Aside from the raw analysis step, it also involves database and the data management aspects, data pre- processing, model and inference considerations, interestingness metric.

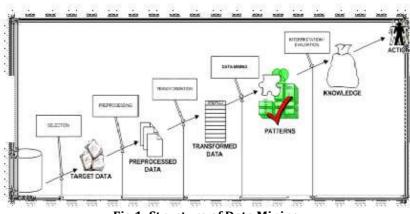


Fig 1: Structure of Data Mining

## 2. Existing System:

1. Google Play uses the Bouncer system to remove malware. However, out of the 7, 756 Google Play apps we analyzed using Virus Total, 12% (948) were flagged by at least one anti-virus tool and 2% (150) were identified

as malware by at least 10 tools.

- 2. Sarma et al. use risk signals extracted from app permissions, e.g., rare critical permissions (RCP) and rare pairs of critical permissions (RPCP), to train SVM and inform users of the risks vs. benefits tradeoffs of apps.
- 3. Peng et al. propose a score to measure the risk of apps, based on probabilistic generative models such as Naive Bayes.
- 4. Yerima et al. also use features extracted from app permissions, API calls and commands extracted from the app executables.

# 2.1. Disadvantages Of Existing System:

- 1. Previous work has focused on app executable and permission analysis only.
- 2. Not Efficient
- 3. Lower percentage of detection rate
- 4. Takes more time.

# 3. Proposed System:

- 1. We propose Fair Play, a system that leverages to efficiently detect Google Play fraud and malware. Our major contributions are:
- 2. To detect fraud and malware, we propose and generate relational, behavioral and linguistic features, that we use to train supervised learning algorithms
- 3. We formulate the notion of *co-review graphs* to model reviewing relations between users.
- 4. We develop PCF, an efficient algorithm to identify temporally constrained, co-review pseudo-cliques formed by reviewers with substantially overlapping co-reviewing activities across short time windows.
- 5. We use temporal dimensions of review post times to identify suspicious review spikes received by apps; we show that to compensate for a negative review, for an app that has rating R, a fraudster needs to post at least positive reviews. We also identify apps with "unbalanced" review, rating and install counts, as well as apps with permission request ramps.
- 6. We use linguistic and behavioral information to (i) detect genuine reviews from which we then (ii) extract useridentified fraud and malware indicators.

# 3.1. Advantages Of Proposed System:

- 1. We build this work on the observation that fraudulent and malicious behaviors leave behind telltale signs on app markets.
- 2. Fair Play achieves over 97% accuracy in classifying fraudulent and benign apps, and over 95% accuracy in classifying malware and benign apps.
- 3. Fair Play significantly outperforms the malware indicators of Sharma et al. Furthermore, we show that malware often engages in search rank fraud as well. When trained on fraudulent and benign apps, Fair Play flagged as fraudulent more than 75% of the gold standard malware apps
- 4. Fair Play discovers hundreds of fraudulent apps.
- 5. Fair Play also enabled us to discover a novel, *coercive review campaign* attack type, where app users are harassed into writing a positive review for the app, and install and review other apps

# 4. System Architecture:

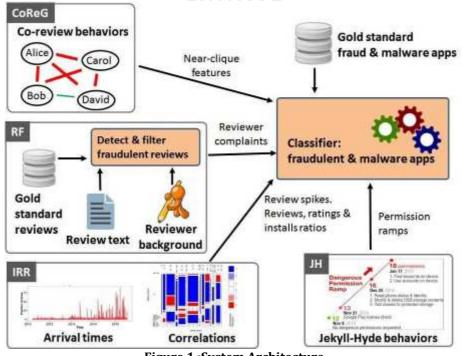
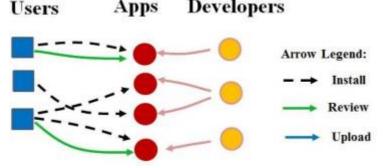


Figure 1 :System Architecture

Developers Apps



**Figure 2: System Architecture** 

#### 5. Results:











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#### 6. Conclusion:

We have introduced FairPlay, a system to detect both fraudulent and malware Google Play apps. Our experiments on a newly contributed longitudinal app dataset, have shown that a high percentage of malware is involved in search rank fraud; both are accurately identified by FairPlay. In addition, we showed FairPlay's ability to discover hundreds of apps that evade Google Play's detection technology, including a new type of coercive fraud attack.

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