Raspberry PI Based Home Appliances Control System using Microcontroller

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ABSTRACT
This paper investigates based on Raspberry PI based home appliances control system using microcontroller system. The paper proposes to control home appliances remotely using smart phone. In this paper, Raspberry Pi is used as a sever for connecting to Arduino microcontroller by sending string signal character from user. When Raspberry Pi received string data that sending via web control page and then transmit that string data to Arduino passes through logic level converter. Logic level converter is used as converting high voltage level of Arduino and low voltage level of Raspberry Pi. Raspberry Pi has already included Wifi hotspot router and the android mobile phone is used as a router in this paper. This home appliances control system uses in reality and very low cost in automation system field.

KEYWORDS: Raspberry Pi, Router, Arduino UNO, Gear motor, L298N motor driver, Logic level converter, 4 channel relay module

I. INTRODUCTION
Home appliances control system described as introduction of technology within the home environment to provide convenience, comfort, security and energy efficiency to its occupants. Adding intelligence to home environment provide increased quality of life. Home appliances control system means to grant the end users to manage and handle the appliances. If user looks at different home automation systems over time, user has always tried to provide efficient, convenient and safe ways for home inhabitants to access their homes. Regardless of the change in user’s hope, growing technology or change of time, the appearance of a Home appliances control system has remained the same.

The main objective of this paper is to design and implement a home automation system is capable of controlling and automating most of the house appliances through an easy manageable Web interface. The proposed system has a great flexibility by using Wifi technology to interconnect its distributed sensors to home automation server. This paper decrease the deployment cost and increase the ability of upgrading and system reconfiguration.

II. System Block Diagram
Arduino UNO and Raspberry Pi are supplied by DC power and Arduino connects not only four channel relay module but also motor driver. Light bulb gets 220 V from the AC power source. When Arduino UNO drives four channel relay module AC appliances perform. The functions of gear motors for door and curtain are controlled by the motor driver.

The flowchart shown in Fig 3 is for the operation of the system.

Step 1: Start
Step 2: Initialize the router
Step 3: Initialize the Raspberry Pi
Step 4: Initialize the motor
Step 5: Take IP address from user
Step 6: Check the input data. If the input data is HIGH, web page opens to control home appliances.
Step 7: Exit
III. Implementation

A. Software Implementation

Software Implementation for Door Open
The programming language is written as the simplest form so that it is nothing to have any problem to understand. The setup function for the door open is declared pin 12, pin 13 and for the motor is declared pin 9. Pin 12 is HIGH and pin 13 is LOW that means the door is opened by using digitalWrite. And also pin 9 is 100 the door is opened by using analogWrite. And delay time is three seconds.

digitalWrite (12, HIGH);
digitalWrite (13, LOW);
analogWrite ( 9, Speed);
delay (3800);
digitalWrite (12,LOW);
digitalWrite (13,LOW);
analogWriite (9,0);

Software Implementation for Door Close
The programming language for the door close is very simple. The setup function for the door close is declared pin 12, pin 13 and for the motor is declared pin 9. Pin 12 is LOW and pin 13 is HIGH that means the door is closed by using digitalWrite. And also pin 9 is 100 the door is closed by using analogWrite. And delay time is three seconds.

Digital Write (12,LOW);
analogWrite (9,0);

Software Implementation for Curtain Open
The programming language for the curtain open is very simple. The setup function for the curtain open is declared pin 4, pin 5 and for the motor is declared pin 10. Pin 4 is LOW and pin 5 is HIGH that means the curtain is opened by using digitalWrite. And also pin 10 is 100 the curtain is opened by using analogWrite. And delay time is two seconds.

digitalWrite (4, LOW);
digitalWrite (5, HIGH);
analogWrite ( 10, Speed);
delay (curtainDelay);
digitalWrite (4,LOW);
digitalWrite (5,LOW);
analogWrite (10,0);

Software Implementation for Curtain Close
The programming language for the curtain close is very simple. The setup function for the curtain close is declared pin 4, pin 5 and for the motor is declared pin 10. Pin 4 is HIGH and pin 5 is LOW that means the curtain is closed by using digitalWrite. And also pin 10 is 100 the curtain is closed by using analogWrite. And delay time is two seconds.

digitalWrite (4, HIGH);
digitalWrite (5, LOW);
analogWrite ( 10, Speed);
delay (curtainDelay);
digitalWrite (4,LOW);
digitalWrite (5,LOW);
analogWrite (10,0);

Software Implementation for Light Bulb Open and Light Bulb Close
The programming language for the light bulb open and light bulb close are very simple. The setup function for the light bulb is declared pin 8. Pin 8 is HIGH that means the light bulb is opened by using digitalWrite. And also pin 8 is LOW, the light bulb is closed by using digitalWrite.

case “e” :digitalWrite (8, HIGH ); break;
case “f” : digitalWrite (8,LOW ); break;

Software Implementation for Fan Open and Fan Close
The programming language for the fan open and fan close are very simple. The setup function for the light bulb is declared pin 7. Pin 7 is HIGH that means the fan is opened by using digitalWrite. And also pin 7 is LOW; the fan is closed by using digitalWrite.

case “g” :digitalWrite (7, HIGH ); break;
case “h” : digitalWrite (7,LOW ); break;
B. Implementation by Hardware

The hardware design of Raspberry Pi based home appliances control system using microcontroller is shown in Fig 4. Pin A0 of the logical level converter is connected to the pin D2 of the Arduino board, pin A1 of the logical level converter is connected to the pin D3 of the microcontroller and VccB of the logical level converter is connected to the 5 V pin out of the microcontroller. Pin B0 of the logical level converter is connected to the pin 15 (GPIO) of the Raspberry Pi and pin B1 of the logical level converter is connected to the pin 14 (GPIO) of the Raspberry Pi. VccA of the logical level converter is connected to the 3.3 V of the Raspberry Pi. The GND pin of the logical level converter is connected to the GND pin of the Raspberry Pi. The Raspberry Pi is supplied by 5 V power adaptor. The input pin 1, pin 2, pin 3, pin 4 of the L298N motor driver are connected pin D4, D5, D12, D13 of the microcontroller. The Enable pin A and Enable pin B of the L298N motor driver are connected to the pin D9, pin D10 of the microcontroller. Pin 7 of the microcontroller is connected to the relay 2 and pin 8 of the microcontroller is connected to the relay 1. The GND pins of both microcontroller and L298N motor driver are connected to the GND pin of the logical level converter. The 5 V pin and 12 V pin are connected to the 5 V pin and VIN of the microcontroller. The output pin 1 and output pin 2 of the L298N motor driver are connected to the gear motor 1 and gear motor 2. The output pin 3 and output pin 4 of the L298N motor driver are connected to the gear motor 3 and gear motor 4. Relay 1 is connected to the fan and fan is supplied 12 V power adapter. Relay 2 is connected to the light bulb and light bulb is supplied by 220 V. The user inserts IP address from smart phone and gets open web pages stored on Apache Web server and then operates door open, door close, curtain open, curtain close, light bulb open, light bulb close, fan open and fan close.

IV. Results

The user inserts the IP address and the user see control page in browser.

Fig 5: Control Web Page

Result for Door Open
If pin 12 is HIGH and pin 13 is LOW, the door is opened.

Fig 6: Result for the Door Open

Result for Door Close
If pin 12 is LOW and pin 13 is HIGH, the door is closed.

Fig 7: Result for the Door Close

Result for Curtain Open
If pin 4 is LOW and pin 5 is HIGH, the curtain is opened.

Fig 8: Result for the Curtain Open
Result for Curtain Close
If pin 4 is HIGH and pin 5 is LOW, the curtain is closed.

Fig 9: Result for the Curtain Close

Result for Light Bulb Open
If pin 8 is HIGH, the light bulb is opened.

Fig 10: Result for the Light Bulb Open

Result for Light Bulb Close
If pin 8 is LOW, the light bulb is closed.

Fig 11: Result for the Light Bulb Close

Result for Fan Open
If pin 7 is HIGH, the fan is opened.

Fig 12: Result for the Fan Open

V. Conclusion
The devices produced enable the user to control the appliances using pre existing devices such as the smart phone or home computer. The interfaces are intuitive and easy to use and provide the user with a more accessible interface then those found in the home. The devices also very easy to integrate into existing applications and require only a small amount of expertise to install. User research shows the many types of applications for implementing home automation and the applications are not limited to those discussed in this paper. The technology used in a wide variety of applications that require the use of sensors and appliances. This paper successfully designed a system that communicates with a mobile device such as a smartphone or laptop via Raspberry Pi to applications that benefit from this work.

REFERENCES