

Blockchain Marketing

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ABSTRACT

Blockchain technology enables the storage of information (including transactions and other data) in a secure, distributed ledger system that is accessible to everyone in the network. Technology is chosen for solving other business challenges where data security and transparency are critical. Marketing has also become a field where blockchain is utilized to enhance trust, customer loyalty, and data security across promotional channels. Blockchain marketing uses its secure, decentralized ledger to boost transparency, fight ad fraud, improve data security, and create more trustworthy, personalized customer experiences. In this paper, we will explain blockchain and explore its transformative potential to revolutionize marketing strategies.

KEYWORDS: *blockchain, distributed digital ledger, logistics, marketing, marketers.*

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1. INTRODUCTION

Blockchain is a decentralized method of data storage across multiple sources, represented as a chain of interconnected, encrypted information blocks. It is an incorruptible digital ledger of economic transactions that can be programmed to record not just financial transactions, but virtually everything of value. It consists of many individual computers that are networked to store data and facilitate transactions. It shifts data power to consumers, cuts out intermediaries, and allows for highly accurate tracking of campaigns, enhancing efficiency and building consumer trust in an immutable digital system. The technology ensures security, transparency, and reliable information storage, critical features in a world plagued by data breaches and ever-evolving digital fraud schemes.

Marketing is an important pillar in the economy of a country. The marketing industry is undergoing a transformation with the adoption of blockchain technology as one of the marketing channels for its marketing campaigns. This innovative change revolves around the permanent nature of blockchain, which has the potential to revolutionize marketing in

blockchain practices. Blockchain, although characterized as a disruptive technology, is now recognized as a trusted and secure technology. Blockchain tech has expanded beyond recording cryptocurrency transactions. Telecom companies, transport and logistics firms, retailers, healthcare providers, and media companies use blockchain daily for various purposes. Now, technology is making inroads in the marketing sector. Blockchain marketing strategy holds the potential to reshape the industry by enhancing security, transparency, and trust in ways never seen before [1,2].

2. OBJECTIVE OF THE PAPER

- To examine how blockchain technology enhances transparency and trust in digital marketing ecosystems.
- To analyze the role of blockchain in improving consumer data ownership and privacy protection.
- To evaluate the effectiveness of blockchain in reducing digital advertising fraud and intermediary dependence.

- To assess the impact of blockchain-based loyalty programs and tokenization on customer engagement.
- To identify challenges and adoption barriers of blockchain marketing solutions for organizations.
- To provide strategic recommendations for marketers and policymakers on blockchain adoption.

3. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

This research employs mixed-methods analysis, primarily drawing on a comprehensive review and synthesis of existing literature with the assessment of real-world case studies and worldwide datasets. It assesses the possible advancement of Blockchain technology in marketing. The discussion is based on industry and blockchain marketing initiatives, benefits, and challenges.

The data sources used in the research are based on secondary data, such as peer-reviewed industry white papers, market analyses, journal articles, conference papers, and other regulatory reports which were validated for authenticity.

4. LITERATURE REVIEW OF BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY

Blockchain, a type of distributed digital ledger technology (DLT), is a relatively new and exciting way of recording transactions in the digital age. It is a decentralized and distributed digital ledger technology that securely records and verifies transactions across multiple computers or nodes in a network. Basically, it is a chain of blocks in which each block contains a list of transactions. The symbol of a blockchain is depicted in Figure 1 [3]. The blockchain technology was created as the foundational basis for Bitcoin, a digital currency in which secure peer-to-peer transactions occur over the Internet. It is expected that the spending on blockchain solutions worldwide would grow from 4.5 billion USD (2020) to an estimated value of 19 billion USD by 2024 [4].

Originally developed as the accounting method for the virtual currency Bitcoin, Blockchains are appearing in a variety of commercial applications today. Blockchain technology is a type of distributed digital ledger that uses encryption to make entries permanent and tamper-proof, and can be programmed to record financial transactions. It is used for secure transfer of money, assets, and information via a computer network such as the Internet without requiring a third-party intermediary. It is now being adopted across financial and non-financial sectors. As a catalyst for change, blockchain technology is going

to change the business world and financial matters in major ways.

The first Blockchain was conceived in 2008 by an anonymous person or group known as Satoshi Nakamoto, who published a white paper introducing the concept of a peer-to-peer electronic cash system he called Bitcoin [5,6]. Bitcoin and Ethereum are the first two mainstream blockchains. Other modern blockchains include Namecoin, Peercoin, Ether, and Litecoin. Figure 2 shows different components of blockchain [7].

Blockchain combines existing technologies such as distributed digital ledgers, encryption, immutable records management, asset tokenization, and decentralized governance to capture and record information that participants in a network need to interact and transact. As illustrated in Figure 3, a complete blockchain incorporates all the following five elements [8]:

Distribution: Digital assets are distributed, not copied or transferred. A protocol establishes a set of rules in the form of distributed mathematical computations that ensures the integrity of the data exchanged among a large number of computing devices without going through a trusted third party. Centralized architecture presents several issues, including a single point of failure and problems of scalability.

Encryption: BC uses technologies such as public and private keys to record data securely and semi-anonymously. Completed transactions are cryptographically signed, time-stamped, and sequentially added to the ledger.

Immutability: The blockchain was designed so that these transactions are immutable, i.e., they cannot be deleted. No entity can modify the transaction records. Thus, Blockchains are secure and meddling-free by design. Data can be distributed but not copied.

Tokenization: Value is exchanged in the form of tokens, which can represent a wide variety of asset types, including monetary assets, units of data, or user identities.

Decentralization: No single entity controls a majority of the nodes or dictates the rules. A consensus mechanism verifies and approves transactions, eliminating the need for a central intermediary to govern the network.

Bitcoin and its underlying blockchain technology increasingly impact all facets of society. Bitcoin's status as digital gold is merely the tip of this technology. Figure 4 shows Bitcoin [9], while Figure 5 shows how blockchain works [10]. Although blockchain technology will forever be associated with

Bitcoin due to their common genesis, it has broader applications. Cryptocurrency will increasingly become a factor in family law issues as well.

Blockchain is a tamper-proof, distributed database that stores blocks of information for cryptographically bound transactions via peer-to-peer networks. At the heart of blockchain's functionality is cryptographic hashing. Each block in a blockchain contains a cryptographic hash of the previous block, creating an immutable chain of blocks. If anyone attempts to tamper with the data in a block, it would alter the block's hash. This would disrupt the entire chain, making it virtually impossible to manipulate. The security feature ensures data integrity and prevents unauthorized changes [11].

In a nutshell, blockchain technology involves three basic concepts [12]: (1) It is a system for recording a series of data items (such as transactions between parties); (2) It uses cryptography to make it difficult to tamper with past entries; (3) It has an agreed process for storing copies of the ledger and adding new entries (also called a consensus protocol).

Blockchain is a novel decentralized infrastructure and distributed computing paradigm that uses a chained data structure for verification, storage, and distributed consensus algorithms to generate and update data. Decentralization is a key feature of blockchain technology, which refers to the distribution of power and decision-making across a network of nodes or participants rather than being controlled by a central authority or system. It provides robustness while eliminating many-to-one traffic flows to avoid delays and single points of failure. Figure 6 shows the decentralized property of blockchain [10]. The advantages of the decentralized property of the blockchain network include the following [10]:

The decentralized property of blockchain makes it less prone to failure and more expensive for hackers to attack the network.

- There is no third-party involvement; therefore, there is no added risk.
- Every change made in the network is traceable and concrete.
- Users maintain full autonomy of their properties and are not dependent on third parties to maintain and manage their assets.
- It provides enhanced security.

5. BLOCKCHAIN MARKETING

Since Ethereum's inception in 2015, the growth and evolution of blockchain technology have been remarkable, particularly in the domains of payment

processing, smart contracts, and decentralized marketing management. Businesses can use blockchain technology to improve how customers interact with their products or services, allowing them to improve their offerings and make sure they are meeting customer needs. Blockchain technology can also provide valuable insights into their own production and supply chain process, which can help marketers develop more effective data lead campaigns. It also has the ability to create new types of digital assets that can be used for marketing purposes [13].

Blockchain technology is the need of the hour today, due to its strong pillars of distribution, decentralization, encryption, immutability, and tokenization. It has a growing scope in various sectors of the economy. Blockchain has drastically impacted business models and created new avenues in different areas. In marketing, blockchain technology is applied to enhance audience trust, as it ensures that recorded information in the chain's blocks cannot be altered or falsified. Blockchain marketing is a digital marketing category that caters to the cryptocurrency niche and uses blockchain technology. It is a branch of online marketing that relies on blockchain technology to execute digital marketing strategies. The development of blockchain technology has transformed digital marketing by introducing innovative ways to connect businesses and customers in highly competitive environments. With blockchain digital marketing, users are in more control of their data than ever, and they receive a cut of the advertising costs. The best marketing for blockchain involves a combination of strategies, including paid advertising, social media marketing, influencer partnerships, content marketing, email marketing, and community building. Figure 7 illustrates blockchain marketing [14], while Figure 8 shows blockchain marketing strategies [14].

6. APPLICATIONS OF BLOCKCHAIN MARKETING

Blockchain has been applied in various areas, ranging from banks to Internet companies, for the creation of value. The best applications for blockchain in marketing are where records of immutable, purely digital data are useful, such as maintaining a record of purchases of digital ads, and where there are no deep real-world implications foreseeable from existing privacy laws. Its application in marketing functions includes smart contracts, retail marketing, and online advertising. Common applications of blockchain marketing include the following [2,13-15]:

The applications include advertising and fraud prevention. Digital advertising is one area in particular where the impact of blockchain technology

is more concrete and is being explored. Currently, the digital advertisement model is dominated by intermediaries such as Facebook and Google. These middlemen control the vetting process, ad placement, transaction processing, and reporting, among other things. In this model, users are completely at the mercy of these middlemen. With blockchain technology, this model is ripe for change. Blockchain technology will remove the need for an actor such as Facebook or Google to mediate between advertisers and websites. For example, the Papyrus Project is an open source platform that connects advertisers, ad agencies, ad platforms, verification vendors, publishers, and end users via a token-based system. In doing so, they aim to remove the inefficiency and cost associated with dealing with the middleman and ensure fairness in exchanges between all participants.

Blockchain technology makes advertising campaigns much more effective and personalized. Paid advertising has emerged as a crucial strategy for blockchain marketing, enhancing brand visibility and targeting demographics. Other areas include *e-commerce*. The growth of modern e-commerce platforms with mobile functionalities has been one of the important highlights of B2C commerce. The arrival of e-commerce changed many conventional organizational structures and transformed the value-creation process comprehensively. The Internet provides many opportunities for marketers to help them create new online marketplaces and enter new spheres in their existing markets. However, the introduction of blockchain has brought some significant changes in the way people and businesses use the Internet. The Internet provided the initial push for decentralization and offered drastic changes in the distribution of products and services by companies. New digital intermediaries replaced traditional intermediaries by offering a wide range of services and solutions for modern commerce. Some of the examples of services by new e-commerce intermediaries include trust provision, online search capabilities, communication, information brokering, and advertising. It encourages *Smart Contracts* in the business environment. Businesses can also use blockchain-based smart contracts to automate certain processes, such as payment processing or data collection, not only with customers but also with suppliers and partners. Smart contracts automate agreements when conditions are met, streamlining processes and reducing reliance on intermediaries. By leveraging the power of smart contracts, companies could create these assets quickly and easily with built-in security features that make them difficult (if not impossible) for hackers or malicious actors to exploit. Smart contracts require technological up-gradation in

Industry 4.0 to deal with the challenges of security and privacy, which was investigated using the technique of artificial intelligence (AI).

Data Management and Privacy, as it is decentralized identity (DID), consumer-owned data models, and consent-based data sharing. Data is the most important part of any transaction. Digital data generated by users as well as machines needs to be managed well, and blockchain plays an important role in its management. In marketing, client data protection, transparency in processes, and loyalty programs are elevated to a new level. The cost of storing data gets cheaper every year, but implementing good-quality protocols for purging it does not get any easier. So it is not that companies necessarily want old data. In order to preserve customers' privacy, they have to actively think about what to purge and when, which takes time and skill to figure out.

It provides great value for *Data Analytics*: Unlike traditional marketing, marketing in the blockchain is more data-focused, with accurate analytics readily available. The data analytics field is developing day by day. In the management discipline, the application of big data has also gained momentum. Big data needs to be analyzed using blockchain, digital storage, forecasting, information management, and machine learning for the extraction of useful information for further processing. It needs to be analyzed using the tools of data analytics along with the foundation of security and privacy for each participant involved in the transactions under the lens of blockchain marketing integration. Digital analytics was found as a way to understand customers well, and a model was proposed for getting better customer insights in this digital age. Future researchers need to explore the significant role of blockchain in data analytics.

Social Media Marketing is another important area for Blockchain. Blockchain social media marketing is the strategic use of social media platforms, like X or Facebook, to reach a crypto company's target audience and engage with them. It is an effective blockchain marketing tactic where a brand can share real-time updates on their activities and share new project announcements. To use social media marketing in blockchain, a brand would need to have a public handle or account on a social media platform. It is from this official account that all news regarding the brand can be released. Through the use of social media platforms, brands can share real-time updates, directly communicate with followers, and foster a community. Social media platforms provide an

avenue for sharing news, project updates, and announcements of new partnerships.

Blockchain marketing also provides *Content Marketing*. One of the crucial strategies in blockchain marketing projects is content marketing. It allows brands to establish themselves as industry experts and earn the trust and credibility of their followers through blog posts, articles, and videos. Content marketing is one of the best blockchain-based marketing strategies for establishing brand authority. Long videos, blog posts, and short clips are some of the best content to promote any brand. Content marketing is versatile and can be used to educate the audience, spread information, and support community growth by encouraging discussions.

Email Marketing is highly seen as an added value. Blockchain email marketing refers to the use of traditional email marketing strategies in the blockchain and cryptocurrency space. It involves building an email list, creating engaging content, and sending targeted campaigns to subscribers interested in blockchain and cryptocurrency topics. The value of email marketing in the blockchain space lies in its ability to nurture leads, build trust, and drive conversions.

7. BENEFITS CHALLENGES

7.1. Benefits

There are many ways in which blockchain technology can help with marketing campaigns for businesses. Blockchain operates on a decentralized ledger system, ensuring transparency, security, and efficiency. Its keys are anonymized, which prevents the public from identifying their holders. Another advantage of blockchain is the protection of intellectual property rights for digital products. Blockchain provides security, speed, and data accuracy, which increases customer loyalty and boosts company revenue. It eliminates the intermediaries in the processes. Other benefits include the following [1,16]:

Improved Data Privacy and Security are seen as essential benefits. Data privacy is a growing concern in digital advertising, with increasing regulations such as GDPR and CCPA enforcing stricter guidelines. Data tampering is a big challenge in this digital era. A key component of blockchain technology is its ability to prioritize user privacy. Blockchain can be used for making sensitive consumer information more difficult to hack by encrypting it and inheriting the enhanced security of blockchain. This unique privacy approach allows individual users to create multiple Web3 person as, each hiding as much of their real-world identity as desired while making transactions public. Smart contracts, which execute transactions

automatically when predefined conditions are met, further enhance security.

Enhanced Transparency is seen as an important benefit. The blockchain makes all transactions visible, verifiable, and irrefutable. Authenticity and business transparency are vital for brands that want to attract digital natives and millennials, especially when it comes to supporting causes like fair trade and environmental responsibility. Blockchain offers transparency and its immutability means it can be trusted. For brands, this enhanced transparency can lead to greater efficiency and lower transaction costs. By leveraging blockchain technology, we can reduce the need for these intermediaries, leading to more transparent and efficient advertising transactions. Advertisers can significantly reduce losses and improve overall trust in their digital advertising processes. The transparency factor also helps minimize ad fraud—a significant issue in digital advertising that often leads to substantial financial losses for advertisers. By providing transparency and accountability, blockchain encourages ethical advertising practices and protects consumer privacy. Figure 9 depicts the transparency of blockchain marketing [16].

Accuracy provides Blockchain's decentralized verification system, which helps eliminate errors. It also validates the authenticity of information, which is critical for maintaining a brand's reputation. Others include *increased loyalty*: The safety and transparency of a company's marketing processes foster greater customer trust, helping to build strong relationships and increase business revenue. Furthermore, there is *improved traffic*. Blockchain marketing offers a marketplace for trading advertising, which makes users visit specific websites so they can be paid.

Additionally, there is *trust building*. Marketing in the blockchain is usually a one-on-one affair, with the brand having an audience with the customer. So, customers can ask questions and receive rapid answers, making it easier for the brands to gain their trust. Another important area it offers is *loyalty programs*. When a brand already has customers, loyalty programs are a great way to retain them. Brands can establish loyalty programs that foster connections with customers and cultivate loyalty. However, these programs are also good for attracting new customers with their incentives. Customer loyalty programs in the blockchain space are another great way to get the attention of the target audience. It can be used to tell customers about a new project that a brand launched by attaching incentives for using it.

Fraud Reduction: Digital advertising is mired with inefficiencies and fraud, including bot traffic, ad fraud, and lack of accountability. Blockchain technology can address these issues head-on. Blockchain can reduce specific risks associated with click fraud through a trustworthy digital marketing environment for brands and customers. Blockchain-based marketing would focus on encouraging participants in the marketing sector to work in an open and shared environment, with every individual serving their roles with integrity and honesty.

Figure 10 shows some benefits of blockchain [14].

7.2. Challenges

Pressing challenges include technology integration, privacy concerns, regulatory frameworks, governance structures, and the intricacies of business collaboration in decentralized marketplaces. Blockchain's permanent record is one of its strengths, but that can cause problems for marketing strategies and consumer privacy. Other challenges include the following [16-19]:

High Cost is another challenge, the initial investment required to implement blockchain technology. Companies need to invest in infrastructure and training to adopt blockchain solutions effectively. Additionally, as blockchain is still relatively new in the digital advertising industry, there may be a lack of understanding and trust among stakeholders. Like other IT technologies, blockchain requires the involvement of highly skilled experts and technical resources. After the system is implemented, it also needs continuous support. The cost of this may be prohibitive for small businesses.

Additionally, there is a drawback of **complexity**: This technology is still relatively new, so its integration and user understanding remain challenging. There are also issues with scalability and compatibility with other systems. Therefore, blockchain remains complex for widespread adoption at the moment. Its technical complexity can be a barrier to entry for some businesses and users, leading to a reluctance to adopt the technology.

Other concerns include **regulation**. The regulatory landscape surrounding blockchain technology is still evolving, and varying legal frameworks across different jurisdictions may present challenges for businesses seeking to integrate blockchain into their operations. Decentralized data storage raises many legal questions. As a result, blockchain regulations are still in the process of being established and are constantly changing. New legal documents are being introduced to regulate technology's operations. Additionally, IT corporations (Google, Apple) are

tightening data policies, which complicates blockchain implementation. The regulatory environment surrounding blockchain technology remains in flux, with lawmakers and regulators across the globe working to establish frameworks that balance innovation with consumer protection.

Resistance from market players is another challenge. As with any disruptive technology, blockchain's introduction to the digital marketing landscape may be met with resistance from established players and stakeholders who are reluctant to embrace change. Blockchain eliminates intermediaries in some marketing processes and leaves fraudsters out of work, which, of course, they do not like. Additionally, marketers are not always ready to adopt the new technology due to its complexity and unfamiliarity. Overcoming this resistance requires businesses to build compelling use cases and demonstrate the tangible benefits of blockchain technology for digital marketing. The research also shows that **Scalability** and speed are another key challenge. Blockchain has a notable challenge of scalability. As the number of transactions increases, the blockchain network can become slow, complex, and less efficient. As the number of nodes increases, so does the demand for computational power and energy. This can lead to scalability issues and slow transaction speeds, which may hinder widespread adoption of blockchain technology.

Collaboration is a crucial factor to be considered. Encouraging increased participation is crucial for promoting the adoption of technology within blockchain marketing. As businesses and projects expand, it becomes increasingly evident that sharing information is essential. Enhancing collaboration will foster cooperation among blockchain users. Increased collaboration between technology providers, advertisers, and regulatory bodies could further drive the adoption of blockchain. When people collaborate, it becomes easier for them to communicate and utilize the services of blockchains. This interconnectedness between chains enhances the flexibility and efficiency of solutions, enabling individuals to benefit from them.

Customer Data Concerns is another area where companies that use blockchain-based marketing strategies may wind up keeping customer data, depending on the nature of their technology setup. But the usefulness of that data is short-lived. Holding on to or failing to purge old customer data is also a problem for companies that operate under data privacy rules like the General Data Protection Regulation. Marketers should not be using blockchain to market customers. It should be used for improving

trust in transactions and reducing fraud. Consumers will be the gatekeepers of their personal data, choosing what and what not to share with advertisers.

8. FUTURE OF BLOCKCHAIN MARKETING

In an era where digital presence is intertwined with success, digital marketing has become the keystone of the business world. For marketers, the role of blockchain is becoming increasingly significant. The future of blockchain in marketing and advertising looks promising, with ongoing advancements and increasing adoption. As more companies begin to recognize the benefits of blockchain, their use in marketing is expected to grow. As technology matures, advertisers may consider blockchain for its potential cost-saving benefits. In the future, blockchain will be a dominant technology that saves time, reduces cost, lowers risk, and, most importantly, enhances trust.

While blockchain technology holds immense promises for transforming digital marketing, its full potential is still unfolding. Blockchain marketing is still in its early phases, and so there is a lot to look forward to in the future, and there are technical and regulatory challenges to overcome. While the future certainly looks bright for blockchain and blockchain marketing, there are some caveats to keep in mind. While blockchain technology definitely makes it harder to commit fraud, blockchains are not truth machines. Without mainstream applications and funding, it may take some time before the benefits of blockchain make it to the world of digital marketing. Blockchain technology is set to play a pivotal role in shaping the next era of digital marketing, making it more transparent, trustworthy, and user-centric than ever before [3].

9. CONCLUSION

The study shows the various benefits of Blockchain Marketing, increased trust between brands and consumers, enhanced transparency and accountability, cost reduction by removing intermediaries, improved data security and compliance, and greater customer engagement and loyalty. Blockchain is a promising technology where data is not stored on a single resource but is distributed across multiple resources. Blockchain technology is continually evolving and being adapted for new fields. Starting to explore its applications now can give a company a competitive edge in the future. For marketing, blockchain is valuable in building audience trust. The technology is used in the storage of personal data, the collection of customer information, as well as in fraud prevention and the development of loyalty programs. In spite of the relative newness of blockchain technology, this

technology will have a significant impact on marketing.

In the changing world of cryptocurrency and blockchain marketing technologies, marketers must embrace the future of the blockchain market industry and seize new opportunities for success. By being proactive and generating blockchain marketing strategy ideas, companies can differentiate themselves from competitors. This groundbreaking technology holds immense promise for the future of the industry. From increasing transparency and trust to improving data privacy and revolutionizing content monetization, blockchain has the potential to reshape the digital marketing landscape in once unimaginable ways. Whether you are a big company leading the market for years or a startup, blockchain in digital marketing presents an unprecedented opportunity to revolutionize your strategies. More information on the integration of blockchain marketing is available from the books in [20-28] and the following related journals:

- IEEE Blockchain.
- Journal of Shipping and Trade
- Journal of Business Research
- International Journal of Research in Marketing

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Figure 1 The symbol of blockchain [3].

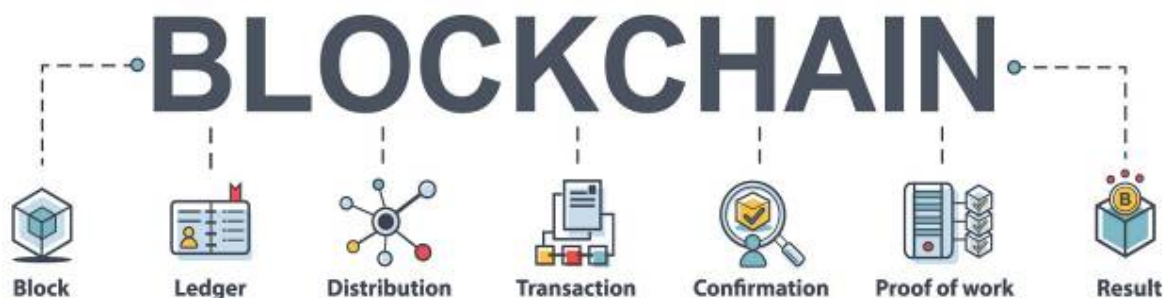


Figure 2 Different components of blockchain [7].

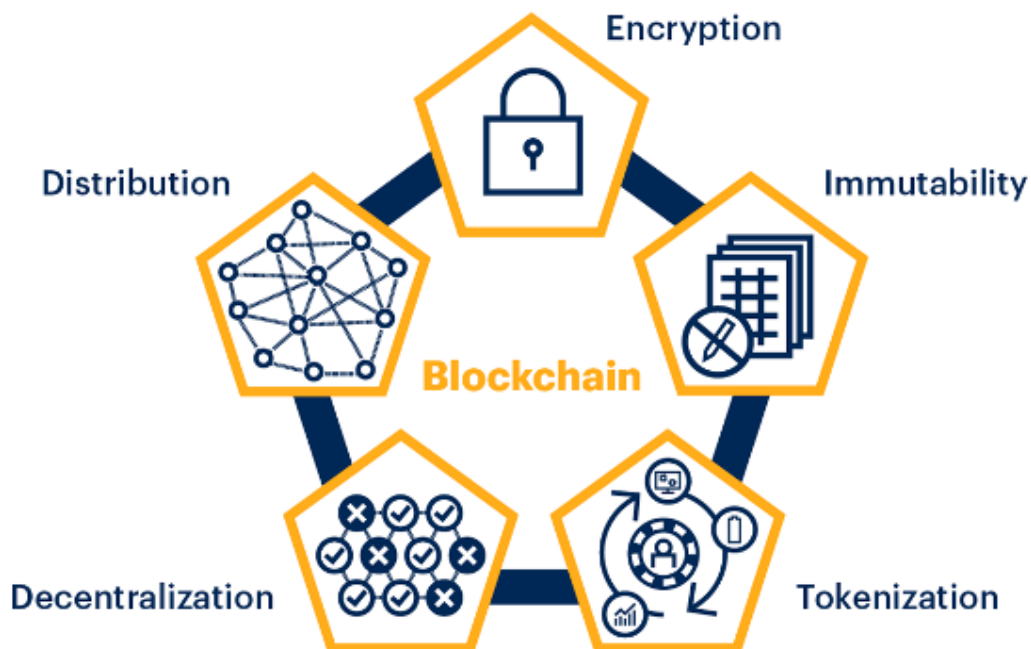


Figure 3 Five key elements of Blockchain [8].



Figure 4 Bitcoin [9].

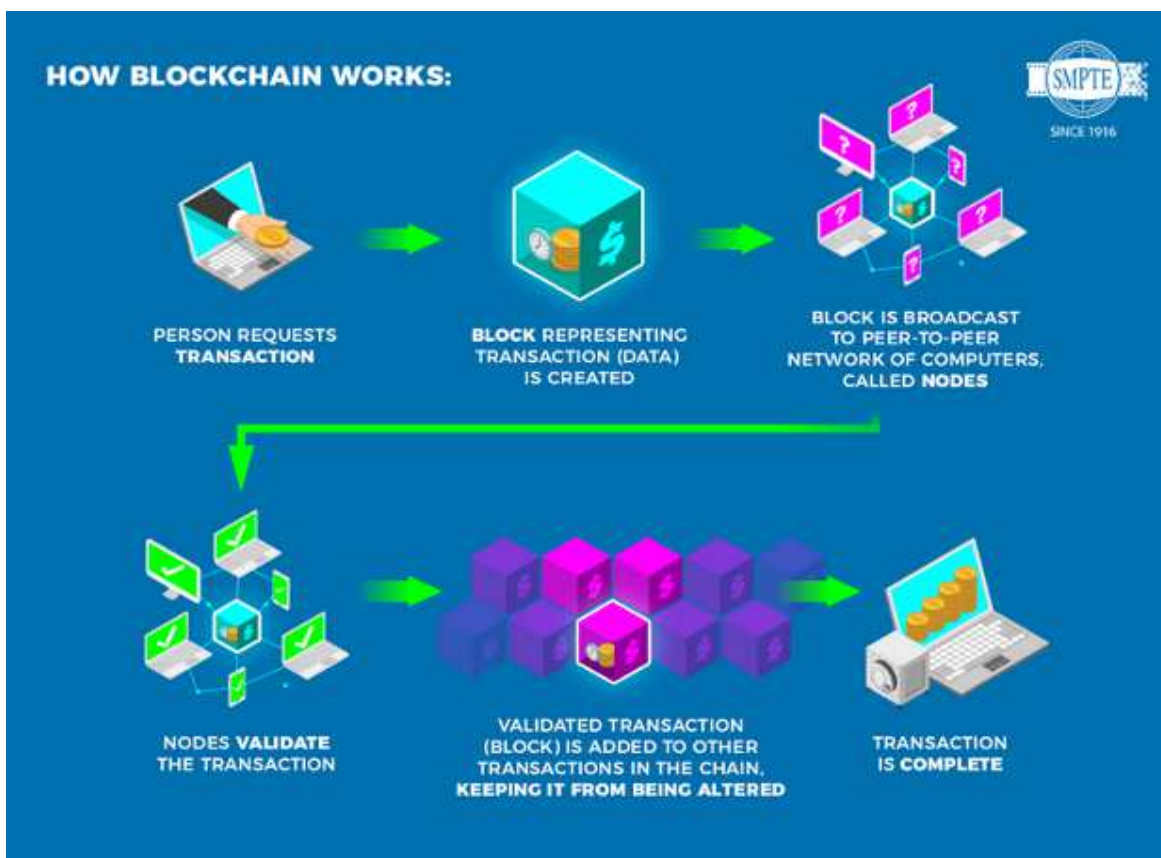


Figure 5 How blockchain works [10].

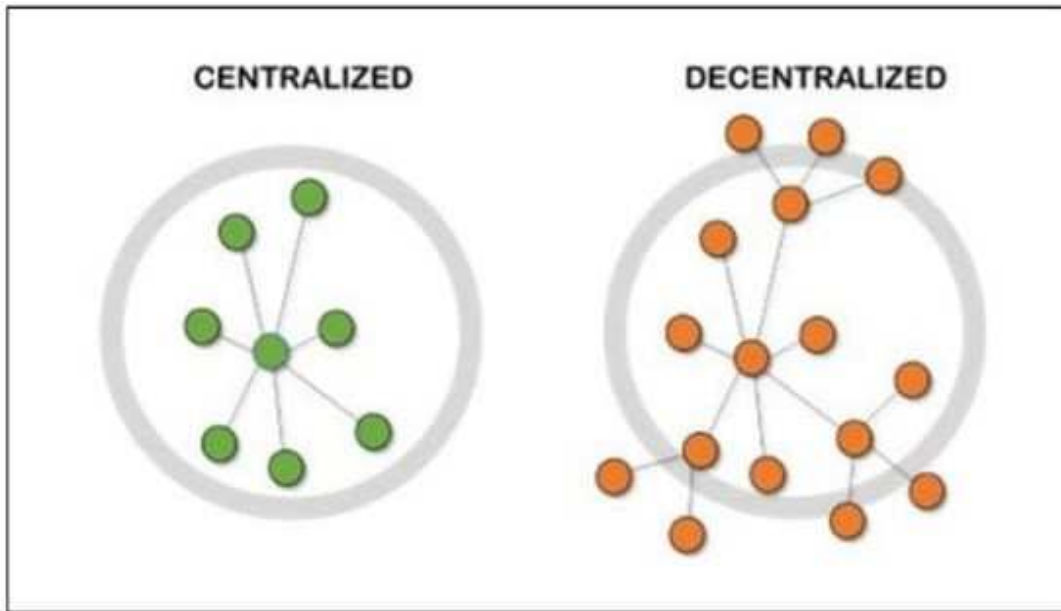


Figure 6 The decentralized property of blockchain [10].

The infographic features a green-to-blue gradient background. On the left, the text reads: **Blockchain-Ads**
Blockchain marketing is the marketing activities used by cryptocurrency brands to sell their products. On the right, a circular cluster of icons includes a Bitcoin symbol, a dollar sign, a clock, a magnifying glass, a smartphone, a server rack, a wallet, and a document labeled 'Blockchain'. The background is decorated with white dotted patterns and a starburst icon in the bottom right corner.

Figure 7 Blockchain marketing [14].

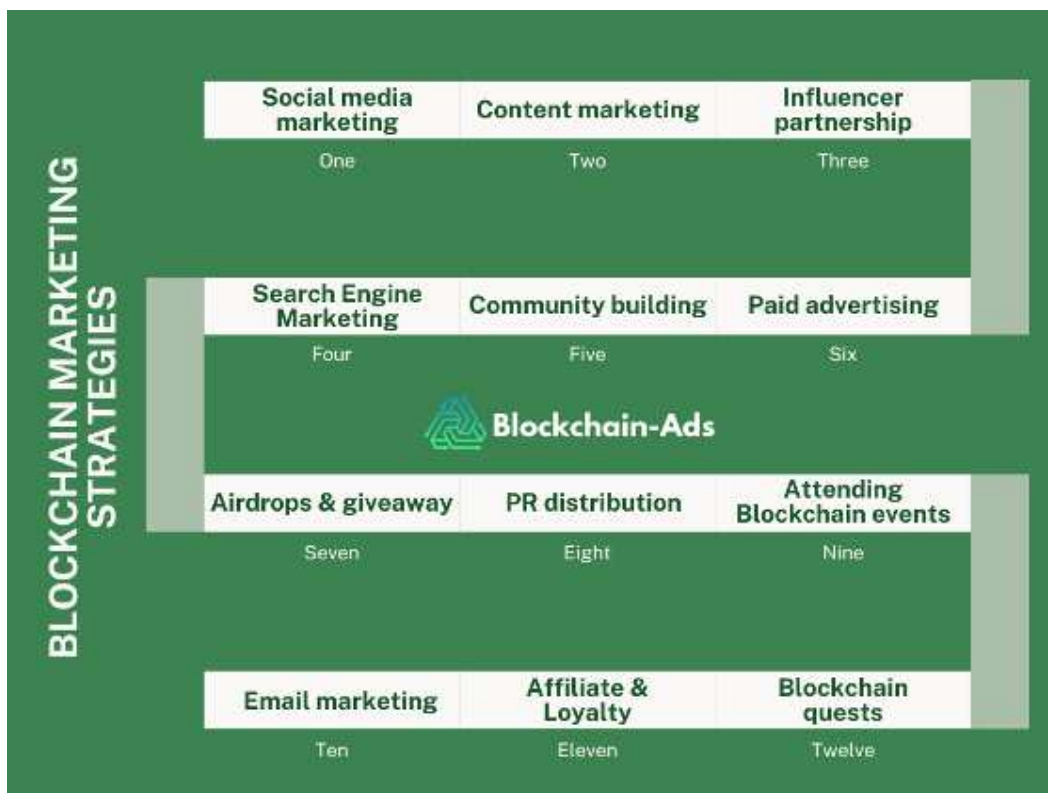


Figure 8 Blockchain marketing strategies [14].

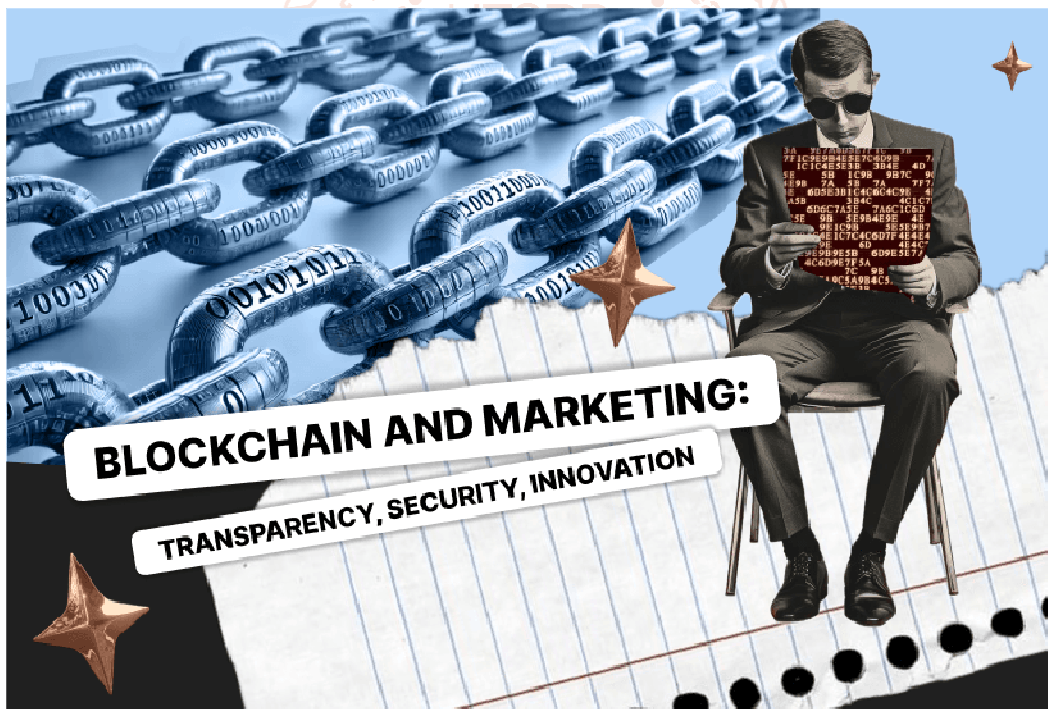


Figure 9 Transparency of blockchain marketing [16].

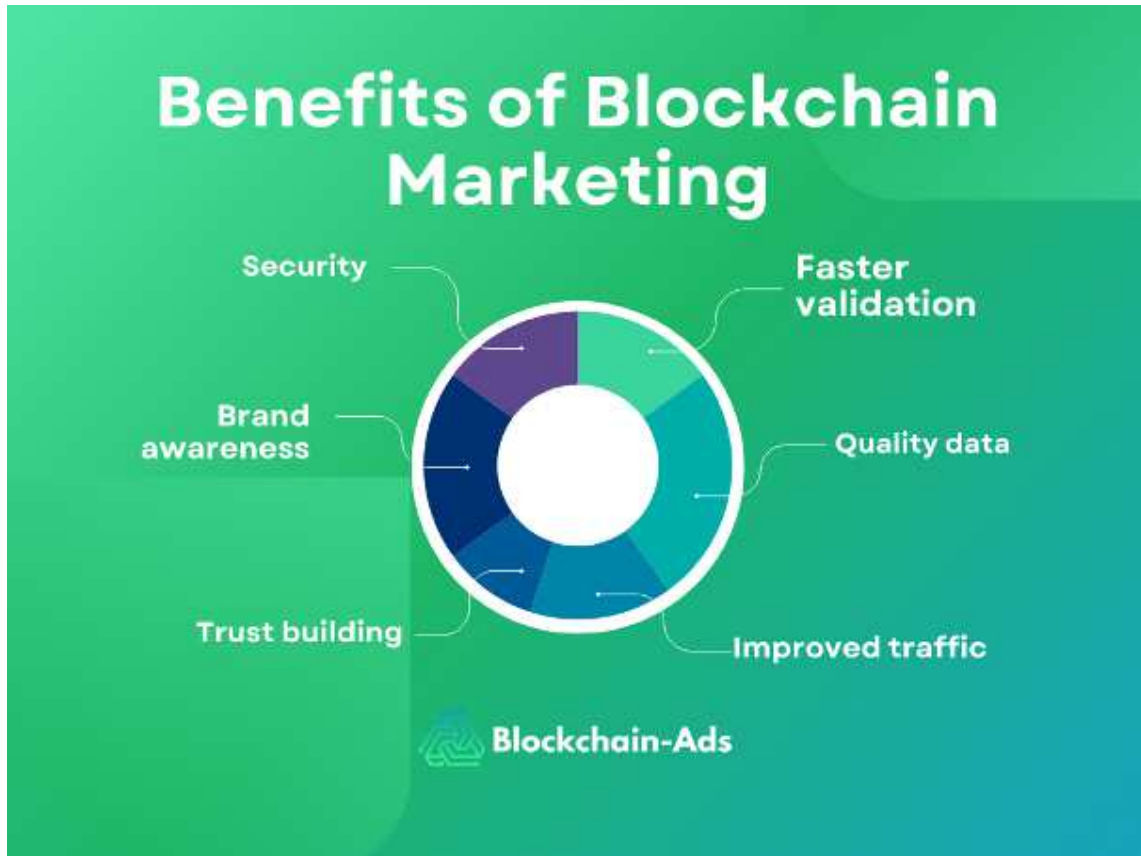


Figure 10 Some benefits of blockchain [14].

